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Source: Revue suisse de Zoologie, 131(1) : 1-42

Published By: Muséum d'histoire naturelle, Genève

URL: <https://doi.org/10.35929/RSZ.0112>

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## Checklist of the Cestoda (Platyhelminthes) of Switzerland

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**Abstract:** A checklist, including all the cestode taxa recorded from Switzerland, their hosts, as well as deposited specimens available in scientific collections, is provided. The country has one of the richest European cestode faunas consisting of 251 species, almost all of them cyclophyllideans, that were identified in 190 vertebrate and 24 invertebrate host species. This is a very significant increase over the previous similar list that was established one century ago by Fuhrmann (1926). Since then, advances have been particularly important for parasites of mammals and birds although an important margin of progress remains for the latter as several bird families have been surprisingly little studied in the country. A large proportion of species described in Switzerland, including 22 that are represented by types, are available in public collections, most of them at the Muséum d'histoire naturelle de Genève. New reports were numerous in the second half of last century but have become scarce in recent decades. Today, tapeworms have been identified in no more than one third of Swiss vertebrate species and despite one century of progress, the true diversity of this fauna in the country remains to be determined.

**Keywords:** Biodiversity - Platyhelminthes - Fauna - Tapeworms.

### INTRODUCTION

Human-created borders obviously do not limit biological taxa, and it may look somewhat archaic to establish national checklists for the latter. However, despite their artificiality, such lists remain useful as practical tools in many domains, not least for conservation management. Furthermore, they allow aggregating hard to find and dispersed data, especially for poorly studied groups; or facilitate faunistic comparisons between regions. Although checklists are regularly published for better known groups, like vertebrates or some arthropods, this is generally not the case for less popular taxa, whatever their diversity or ubiquity. Parasitic helminths, and among them cestodes, certainly belong to this category, even though Switzerland was home to some of the most famous and prolific cestodologists of the 20th century, like Otto Fuhrmann (1871-1945) or Jean-Georges Baer (1902-1975). However, although these authors, and their students, contributed significantly to knowledge of the Swiss fauna, they never particularly focused on it. Today, the single exhaustive list of Cestoda found in Switzerland

remains that of Fuhrmann (1926) published almost a century ago.

Similar global checklists are also rare for most other countries, the most notable and recent exception in Europe being the "*Checklist of tapeworms of vertebrates in Finland*" (Haukisalmi, 2015). A few other ones in Belarus (Merkusheva & Bobkova, 1981), the Iberian Peninsula (Cordero del Campillo *et al.*, 1994), Slovakia (Macko *et al.*, 1993, 1994; Hanzelova *et al.*, 1995; Hanzelova & Ryšavý, 1996, 1999) and Poland (Pojmanska *et al.*, 2007) also exist. An ancient checklist for France (Joyeux & Baer, 1936) was ill named, as it also covered many taxa absent from this country. On-line checklists are available for Italy (<http://www.faunaitalia.it/checklist/index.html>) (Stoch, 2003), as well as for the United Kingdom (<https://www.nhm.ac.uk/research-curation/scientific-resources/taxonomy-systematics/host-parasites/database/index.jsp>) (Natural History Museum, London, 2007), although with limited updates or accompanying information.

A recent and comprehensive list for Western Europe is therefore lacking. The goal of this study is to provide a complete summary of the known fauna of cestodes in

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Manuscript accepted 04.07.2023

DOI: 10.35929/RSZ.0112

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Switzerland. This list includes the names of the parasites, their known hosts, a simplified distribution in the country, a selective bibliography as well as a list of the known specimens kept in scientific institutions.

It should be emphasized that such a compilation is not a taxonomic work. As far as possible, historic names of parasites are listed under their presently accepted synonymy and they are placed in the most recent higher systematics of the group (Caira & Jensen, 2017), however no nomenclatural act is made here. This checklist aims at being a practical reference and tool for researchers and other users of biodiversity information.

## HISTORICAL CONTEXT

The earliest report of an identifiable parasitic worm in Switzerland seems to be that of *Diphyllobothrium latum* by Dunus (1592). It was followed by a few publications in the 17th century on parasites of humans. Later reports became more common but remained mostly limited to common parasites of domesticated animals until the mid-19th century when a more diverse and steady flux of publications started. A rather large spectrum of authors has contributed to the knowledge of the Swiss fauna, but only a few have built a consistent body of work. The most important of them being Friedrich Zschokke (1860-1936) in Basel, who published essentially on parasites of fish; Bruno Galli-Valerio (1867-1943) in Lausanne, veterinarian and physician, who probably examined the largest diversity of Swiss vertebrates through numerous publications (see Gaschen, 1950); Otto Fuhrmann (1871-1945) in Neuchâtel, one of the giants of cestodology, who worked on most tapeworm groups and contributed significantly to the knowledge of Swiss Cyclophyllidae; Bernd Hörning (1931-2012) in Bern, a veterinarian with interest in many wild animals (see in particular: Hörning, 1963); and Claude Vaucher (1942-) in Geneva, who decisively contributed to the knowledge of the helminthofauna of micromammals.

Besides parasites of domestic animals (and humans), the focus of cestodes biodiversity research in Switzerland long concentrated on parasites of fish from the country's major lakes, resulting in plethoric, and often repetitive, observations, especially at the turn of the 20th century. These are particularly problematic when considering the extremely complex fish diversity in Alpine lakes (see below). Works by K. Wolffhügel (1869-1951) or Fuhrmann then progressively expanded our knowledge of the bird fauna, but a new focus on wild mammals only appeared in the 1960s. However, the latter two classes of vertebrates remain relatively poorly known, with significant gaps for example in passerines, or in chiropterans. As for amphibians and reptiles, only a very few isolated publications exist. Reports from larval forms in invertebrates are also limited and mostly ancient, as research on life cycles progressively became

unfashionable. The last significant reports in this field in Switzerland are from the late 1980s (Szelenbaum-Cielecka *et al.*, 1988).

The last two new cestode species descriptions from Swiss vertebrates, one in very common Song Thrushes and one in Great crested Grebes, are respectively over 30 and 20 years old (Gigon & Beuret, 1991; Vasileva *et al.*, 2000).

## MATERIAL AND METHODS

### Sources:

- 1) Museum data. Muséum d'histoire naturelle de Genève (MHNG) holds one of the major collections of cestodes worldwide (>22'000 lots), including most historic collections of Swiss cestodologists. Its catalogue provided the backbone of the present list. Additional data were requested from other Swiss Museums that maintain scientific collections as well as from major foreign Museums likely keeping Swiss specimens.
- 2) Other institutions data. Some veterinary or paramedical institutions in Switzerland were asked for archives or registers.
- 3) Bibliography. Searches were made with appropriate taxonomical and geographical filters in Web of Science's Zoological Record (© Clarivate).
- 4) Several unpublished student works from parasitology departments in Swiss institutes.

### Conditions for listing:

For a species to be included in the checklist, at least one of two nonexclusive conditions had to be met: The taxon had to be published with an explicit mention of its Swiss origin and/or specimens labeled as of Swiss origin had to be registered in collections in an academic institution. For the sake of consistency, and contrary to Fuhrmann (1926), observations from bordering foreign localities (e.g., "Salève" or "Black Forest") are not included here, leading to the exclusion of a few taxa that were listed in Fuhrmann's catalogue.

### Data provided (Table 1, Annex 1):

**Cestodes specific identification (generic in a few cases):** Except in rare instances, identifications have not been checked. Thus, the original publication/label name is reported, either as the valid or synonym name of the taxon. A synonym list is provided but does not aim at comprehensiveness: only names that have been used when specifically referring to specimens in Switzerland are mentioned.

**Hosts:** All hosts, both final and intermediate, belonging to the Swiss fauna are reported.

For vertebrates, hosts are listed under their present taxonomic status according to Fishbase (Froese & Pauly, 2021), Amphibian Species of the World (Frost,

2021), The Reptile Database (Uetz & Etzold, 1996), Avibase (Lepage, 2018), and Aulagnier *et al.* (2008) respectively for fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals (all online references accessed in 2021). Ancient host names have been updated in accordance. Parasites of captive hosts not belonging to the Swiss fauna are not listed.

The Swiss vertebrate fauna is well known, and most names are unambiguous. A significant exception to this statement concerns the fish, and especially the whitefishes (*Coregonus* spp., Salmonidae). Over the years, a very large number of names, both scientific and vernacular, have been used for these fish, especially in Swiss lakes. This is due to a complex history of speciation, colonization, hybridization, human transfers, and local extinctions. Revisions and descriptions of new taxa have been numerous (e.g., Selz *et al.*, 2020). Up to 35 species may presently be living in Swiss lakes, but revisions keep diverging both in the number and names of these taxa. Despite several attempts to clarify their systematic status (e.g., Steinmann, 1950; Kottelat & Freyhof, 2007) no taxonomical consensus presently exists. Even the species concept best adapted to *Coregonus* taxa is not clear as so called “speciation reversals” seem to be the norm under changing ecological conditions (Vonlanthen *et al.*, 2012). The problem is further enhanced when trying to match often partial or imprecise historical observations to present day nomenclature, a close to impossible task. Hence, I chose to retain the limited number of *Coregonus* species names that are recognized as valid in Fishbase (Froese & Pauly, 2021) even though this can lead to some inconsistencies. For example, in Lake Geneva, historical species are now considered extinct (Vonlanthen *et al.*, 2012), but I nevertheless use their names, as in the original publications, as no consensus exists on other ones. It is most likely that each significant water body in the country hosts its own fish population/parasite population fauna (with possible speciation for either or both in some cases), but no convenient nomenclatural system, neither for hosts nor for parasites, has yet been accepted to adequately represent this situation.

In addition, some rare ambiguities may occur for reports from domestic mammals that have a wild conspecific in the country, in particular for cats, with both *Felis s. silvestris* and *F. s. catus* living in Switzerland. Unless specified otherwise, reports are assumed to be from the domesticated form.

**Developmental stage:** Hosts of larval forms are mentioned as such. Note that in a few cases both adult and larval worms can be found in the same host.

**Localities:** Detailed localities are not reported (and, most often, not available); only cantons and large water bodies are mentioned when such information exists. In some cases, especially for collection specimens, only the mention “Switzerland” is available, resulting in this field being kept empty. Cantons and water bodies

mentioned might in some cases refer to the same observation from different sources.

Standard Swiss cantons abbreviations (<https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#iso:code:3166:CH>) are used, except for BA (Basel) being used as a collective for BL and BS (Basel state and Basel city). The main water bodies are abbreviated as follows: A: Lake Maggiore; B: Lake Biel/Bienne; L: Lake Geneva/Léman; M: Lake Morat; N: Lake Neuchâtel; O: Lake Constance/Bodensee; T: Lake Thun; U: Lake Zug; V: Lake Lucerne/Vierwaldstättersee; Z: Lake Zürich. In a few cases CH is used for a documented countrywide distribution.

**Collection dates:** Only unambiguously reported collection years (which can significantly differ from publication dates) are mentioned. In most cases, especially for more ancient records, this information is lacking.

**References:** Bibliographic references are not listed exhaustively. A subjective selection of the most relevant publications citing the taxon is mentioned. For many specimens in collections, no associated publication is known.

**Specimens:** All databased specimens I am aware of are listed here with their accession number, and type status where appropriate. There are, however, a few unregistered samples from the large common species (*Taenia*, *Diphyllobothrium*, *Ligula*, ...) on display, or in the collections, of many smaller institutions. Museum acronyms: IPCAS: Institute of Parasitology, Czech Academy of Sciences; MHNF: Musée d’histoire naturelle, Fribourg; MHNG-PLAT: Muséum d’histoire naturelle de Genève, Platyhelminthes Collections; MUW: Department of General Biology and Parasitology, Medical University of Warsaw; GBIFCH: Musée de Zoologie, Lausanne, Invertebrates collections (=MZL-Invert); NMB-CEST: Naturhistorisches Museum, Basel, Cestodes collections; NHM: Natural History Museum, London; NWSW: Naturmuseum Winterthur; USNM: National Museum of Natural History, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, DC; ZMZ: Zoologisches Museum Zürich.

## RESULTS

Mentions of at least 251 cestode species [in 125 genera and 21 families] forming 689 host/parasites pairs could be traced in Switzerland (including 5 *species inquirendae*) (Tables 1, 3). This is, respectively, a 99 and 132% increase on Fuhrmann’s (1926) list. The main cestode order present in Switzerland is, by far, the Cyclophyllidea (218 spp. or 87% from total) with Hymenolepididae (111 spp.) followed by Dilepididae (36 spp.) as the most represented families. Altogether 214 species of hosts, 24 invertebrates and 190 vertebrates, have been recorded harboring cestode parasites. The cestode fauna of birds

is the most diversified (Table 2). Eight species are known only from their metacestodes.

Specimens from 208 (84%) of the species known from Switzerland are preserved in academic institutions, including 6 holotypes, 1 lectotype, 14 syntypes, 15 paratypes and 2 “types” specimens/lots representing 22 cestode species. These are distributed in 1250 lots, over 93% of them kept in the Muséum d’histoire naturelle de Genève (Annex 1). About 82% of the specimens with associated collection data were gathered in the second half of the last century. Parasites were recorded from all over Switzerland, although with a marked bias toward the Southern Alpine and Western parts of the country (Table 1).

## REMARKS

### a) Numbered remarks in Table 1:

- [1] Locality uncertain and host probably *Marmota* sp. (Global Cestode Database, Caira *et al.*, 2023)
- [2] Possibly imported from Eastern Europe.
- [3] This material is wrongly reported as *D. columbina* instead of *D. columbae* in the USNM database.
- [4] As *Taenia blanchardi* in Fuhrmann (1926).
- [5] Possibly also Galli-Valerio 1929 in VD (Gaschen, 1950).
- [6] One record (MHNG-PLAT-55742) of this species is reported from *Aythya marila* (Anatidae), a probable mislabeling.
- [7] Observation in a zoological garden, but the host is present in Switzerland.
- [8] Dubious as only *H. hibernia* Montgomery, Montgomery & Dunn seems to parasitize *Apodemus* (Nkouawa *et al.*, 2016)
- [9] Marked “*H. phasianina*”.
- [10] These records are dubious and likely due to mislabeling as these species are parasites of shrews (V. Haukisalmi, pers. communication).
- [11] One slide (MHNG-PLAT-40931) is marked with *Mergus serrator* as host, but the specimens are misidentified.
- [12] Original report mentions *Anser arvensis*, interpreted as *A. fabalis*.
- [13] Published information (Vaucher & Hunkeler, 1967); however, the single matching slide in collections (MHNG-PLAT-18532) indicates *R. straminea*.
- [14] Dubious. Vaucher (1971) considers the taxon as a specific parasite of *Crocidura*.
- [15] Possibly also intermediate host (Eckert & Deplazes, 2004).
- [16] Both in wild and domestic cats (Gaschen, 1950).
- [17] Uncertain. Reported by Fuhrmann (1926) from an observation of Galli-Valerio (1916).
- [18] According to Hörring (1963), only imported hares were positive.
- [19] Domestic.
- [20] Host inferred.
- [21] These records are suspicious as rodents are normal intermediate hosts of *V. mustelae*.
- [22] *Diphyllobothrium* sp. interpreted as *D. latum*.
- [23] According to Wicht (2008), *D. latum* does not develop in coregonids and probably also not in salmonids. Reports in these hosts may concern *D. dendriticum* (or possibly *D. ditremus*).
- [24] Local contamination but imported intermediate host.
- [25] *Proteocephalus* host list. Multiple confusions due to the close morphological similarity between *P. longicollis* with *P. exiguum*, *P. fallax*, *P. alosa* (now synonymized), *P. filicollis* and *P. percae* have been the norm during most of the 20th century. This resulted in the mention of these worms in a variety of hosts, but many of these are most certainly misidentifications or accidental infections.
- [26] *P. filicollis* is a parasite of *Gasterosteus aculeatus* and *Coregonus fera* is probably a postcyclic host (i.e., an additional host becoming infected with an adult worm through predation).
- [27] *P. longicollis* is a parasite of Salmonidae, but its presence in *Alosa agone* is possible. Reports in other fishes are likely misidentifications. Report in *Natrix* is certainly accidental/postcyclic. *M. leuckarti* has been found to be an unsuitable experimental host (T. Scholz, pers. communication).
- [28] A recent molecular analysis (Brabec *et al.*, 2023) suggested, however, that *P. fallax* may be a valid species parasite in *Coregonus* sp. while *P. longicollis* would be restricted to *Salmo* spp. hosts.
- [29] *P. percae* is a parasite of *Perca fluviatilis* and *Esox lucius* (postcyclic). *Proteocephalus ocellatus* (Rudolphi, 1802) was not recognized by Fuhrmann (1926) and is considered a synonym of *P. percae* (Muller, 1780) by Scholz & Hanelova (1999). The numerous mentions of “*P. ocellatus*” in fish of other families, mostly in old records (e.g., Zschokke, 1884; Nufer, 1905) are most likely accidental or misidentifications.
- [30] *P. torulosus* is a parasite of Cypriniforms and records in other fishes should be considered accidental or misidentifications.

### b) Other remarks

- Two taxa reported by Fuhrmann (1899), *Acoleus vaginatus* (Acoleidae) in *Himantopus himantopus* and *Gyrocoelia perversus* (= *perversa*) (Dioicocestidae) in *Limosa lapponica*

are not considered herein. This material was given for determination to Fuhrmann by the MHNG, but I could find no indication that it originated from Geneva (or Switzerland). As no further reports of these taxa have been published, their presence in the country remains uncertain.

- Fuhrmann (1926) similarly reports the presence of *Diplophallus polymorphus* in *Recurvirostra avosetta* in Basel. A possible match for this material could be MHNG-PLAT-55673 that originates from the University of Neuchâtel collection, although no locality is mentioned on the label. Furthermore, the specimens, originally reported by Wolffhügel (1900), come from a “Zoologischer Garten von der Nordsee”. In consequence this taxon has most likely not been found in Switzerland and I haven’t considered it in the table.
- An occurrence of *Grillotia erinaceus* (van Beneden, 1858) is mentioned in *Lota lota* in the early literature (e.g., Zschokke, 1903; Fuhrmann, 1926). Both the freshwater host and the locality (Lake Geneva) of this single record are highly improbable for a trypanorhynch cestode. No material is known. I have removed this host-parasite occurrence from the list.
- A type of *Proteocephalus abcisus* [= *Choanoscolex abcisus* (Riggenbach, 1895) La Rue, 1911] is registered from Switzerland in the USNM (#1349984). Origins of this material are unclear, but the species is from the Neotropics and does not belong to the Swiss fauna.
- Some data of Vaucher (1971) are difficult to interpret as a detailed host-parasite list by locality is not given. Geographical locations were ascertained on labels linked to specimens when available. In a few cases I considered that the parasite was present in Switzerland in each of its reported hosts whose distribution encompassed the country.

## DISCUSSION

### Sources

It should be noted that an important part of the data collected in this work comes from natural history collections material, highlighting the crucial importance of these institutions for our understanding of the biodiversity through time. Given their highly specialized nature, only a few museums maintain scientific collections of tapeworms and therefore I assume that a very high proportion of the existing information could be accessed. A similar level of confidence could also be reached for published information through the rich bibliographic database of the MHNG library and bibliographic

software. A few host/parasite reports were nevertheless difficult to track, especially when published in very local veterinary journals and a few have certainly been missed. Globally, though, I am confident that the information gathered in Table 1 is comprehensive. In addition to these traditional sources, a single occurrence of an unusual and quite unexpected host-parasite association was revealed through DNA sequencing (*Taenia martis* in *H. sapiens*, see Table 1). This is not surprising as only few sequences of cestodes of Swiss origin, mostly from Taeniidae and Proteocephalidae, are available in Genbank.

### Available material

It is remarkable that a very high proportion (84%) of the species known from Switzerland are represented by at least one sample in academic institutions (Annex 1). This is the direct consequence of the intense activity of researchers at the University of Neuchâtel during most of the last century. Their collections (as well as samples entrusted to them) were ultimately kept at the museum of natural history of this city, then transferred to the MHNG, which became a major repository for helminthological collections. Interestingly, only 22 species from this large pool are represented by types. These types are mostly from parasites of micromammals and have almost all been published either by Baer and collaborators in the 30s or by recent authors (e.g., Makarikov & Kontrimavichus, 2011). No parasites from birds were described in the country since Vasileva *et al.* (2000). Some material may have been registered without mention of their type status and it is possible, although unlikely, that other taxa from Swiss origin have been described without clear reference in foreign publications with their types conserved in collections not surveyed herein. Nevertheless, potential candidates for Swiss endemics should be looked for within those 22 species, especially amongst the micromammal parasites.

### Host coverage

In comparison with Fuhrmann (1926) a significantly higher proportion of the Swiss fauna is currently known to host cestodes. The increase is particularly important for mammals (+130%) and to some extent for birds (+73%), while it is minor for other groups of vertebrates. Despite these figures, it should be noted that cestodes remain known from less than one third of the potential Swiss vertebrate hosts (see Table 2). Metacestodes have been found in 40 invertebrate taxa, an increase from 24 in Fuhrmann (1926), but still an extremely low number that is likely due to the paucity of recent life-cycles studies. *Actinopterygii*: There is a long tradition of fish parasitological studies in Switzerland and thus it is logical that the number of host species has only marginally increased since Fuhrmann (from 31 to 36). The tapeworm fauna from most common fishes is generally well known, although the problem of *Proteocephalus* spp. in whitefish remains unresolved

(see above) and will necessitate detailed molecular studies to untangle. Nevertheless, despite the abundant literature and over a century of studies, the helminthes of the smaller or less common species remain poorly explored as tapeworms have been found in only 36% of the fish present in Switzerland (Table 2). An additional difficulty with fish is that introduced or invasive taxa are a problem in some waterbodies. A few of them have acclimated together with their parasite fauna, like the catfish *Ameiurus melas* (Rafinesque, 1820) and its proteocephalid *Corallobothrium parafimbriatum* Befus & Freeman, 1973.

**Amphibia/Reptilia:** Tapeworms are poorly diversified in herptiles, and the Swiss amphibian and reptile fauna is limited. Since Fuhrmann (1926) no new amphibian host has been found, but 2 snake and 1 lizard species have been discovered with cestodes. Tapeworms are probably present in a few more reptiles, but parasitological investigations of these hosts are particularly scarce.

**Aves:** With cestodes described in a mere 20% of the 431 bird species recorded in Switzerland, this group of hosts is proportionally the most understudied, and consequently the largest reservoir of potential new species of parasites for the country's fauna. A large-scale study in many different countries worldwide showed that at least 40% of examined bird species hosted cestodes (Mariaux *et al.*, 2017). In Switzerland, gaps are numerous as tapeworms have been found in only 35 out of 82 families of birds. Among the many families with no or very few recorded cestodes are small passerines [e.g., Acrocephalidae 0 species with cestodes out of 11 present, Hirundinidae (0/5), Phylloscopidae (1/11), Motacillidae (0/13) or Muscicapidae (2/23)]; however, some larger and very common birds, e.g., in Ardeidae (3/9) or Charadriidae (1/11) are also surprisingly understudied. It is for example highly unexpected that no tapeworm has been identified from the ubiquitous *Ardea cinerea* Linnaeus, 1758 in the country. Any basic parasitological survey of these often common and unthreatened birds would quickly add many species and dozens of host/parasites records to this checklist.

**Mammalia:** Most larger mammals, especially domestic ones, have been regularly studied and their parasitofauna can be considered as known. Starting in the 1960s regular surveys of micromammals have been undertaken and these hosts are now globally well covered too, resulting in cestodes described in 56% of the Swiss mammal fauna. Major gaps remain in Chiroptera with cestodes found in only 4 out of 26 species in the country.

### Taxonomic problems

Confidence in cestode identifications reported herein may vary greatly among groups and depends obviously in part on whether recent revisions were made, or failing this, on the quality of initial determination. For many of the cyclophyllidean taxa, no recent taxonomic reassessment was performed, although a

number of subgroups have been reviewed (at least in part) in the last two decades including several genera of Hymenolepididae (e.g., Vasileva *et al.*, 1999, 2002; Makarikov & Georgiev, 2020) or of Dilepididae and Paruterinidae (e.g., Georgiev *et al.*, 2004; Komisarovas *et al.*, 2007; Dimitrova *et al.*, 2017). Conversely, Bothriocephallidea and Oncoprotocephalidea have been more extensively reviewed e.g., by Scholz *et al.* (2007) or Kuchta *et al.* (2008). It remains that some of the older identifications may need confirmation. Part of the ancient material deposited in museums is, however, now over 100 years old and starting to deteriorate, making their study difficult. The development of molecular tools will certainly also bring new information on the composition and diversity of some taxonomically difficult groups, as recently exemplified by Brabec *et al.* (2023) but their use for identifying new taxa remain elusive for the time being as a comparative database is lacking.

### Comparison with other European faunas

With 251 tapeworm species, the Swiss fauna is proportionally richer than that of other European countries, some of them much larger and with a marine fauna, like Finland (170 spp.), Iberian Peninsula (257 spp.), Slovakia (225 spp.), Poland (279 spp.) (Haukisalmi, 2015) or Italy (323 spp.) (Stoch, 2003). This observation stands even when considering only vertebrate hosts, as some of the above-mentioned reports did not consider invertebrates and metacestodes. For non-landlocked countries, the marine component of the specific diversity is obviously significant (e.g., Cyclophyllidea only count for 63% of the Italian specific diversity), but even lacking it, the Swiss fauna is remarkably diverse (61 spp./10'000 sq. km in Switzerland vs. 10.7 in Italy or 8.6 in Poland). By this metrics, Slovakia has the closest diversity (45.9) to Switzerland. Both countries share a landlocked situation at similar latitude, a mountainous landscape, as well as a strong helminthological tradition and therefore a higher number of species examined than in other countries. This last factor is likely the most significant, as also noted by Haukisalmi (2015).

More detailed comparisons of parasites faunas are hazardous as each country has a typical host diversity. However, Haukisalmi (2015, table 1, P6) provided a comparison of unique cestode species numbers per order of birds in various European countries to which we can compare figures for Switzerland. The latter are very similar to those in almost all countries considered, with the highest number of cestodes in Anseriformes, Passeriformes, Gruiformes, Galliformes and Podicipediformes.

### CONCLUSION

Despite lacking a marine fauna, Switzerland hosts a very rich cestode diversity that has been quite extensively studied, especially in the first half of the 20th century.

Since the seminal synthesis of Fuhrmann (1926), our knowledge of tapeworms' diversity in the country expanded significantly, most notably in mammals. This positive trend should, however, be put in perspective, as most of this progress was due to a very limited and quickly waning number of scientists. Presently, not only reports of new taxa are excessively rare and have all but stopped, but regular reports of known species in the wild fauna also became scarce. Among the factors leading to this situation, the vanishing training of taxonomists in this (and many other) group is certainly crucial. Furthermore, the taxonomy of animals like cestodes cannot rely on a population of amateur scientists to complement institutional research and the implementation of alternative (molecular?) systems of identification remain hypothetical at best given the poor comparative database available yet. This is worrying in a context of the threat to global biodiversity, and unfortunate because local taxonomic research would not require heavy investment. As demonstrated many times, including in Switzerland (e.g., Gigon & Beuret, 1991), a parasitological assessment of even the most common hosts would easily enrich the Swiss fauna and discover new indigenous taxa. This type of survey is, however, unlikely to flourish in the future as administrative agreements for collecting hosts, especially birds and some mammals, become increasingly arduous to obtain (Mariaux, 2021). As a result, today, and despite the number of prominent cestodologists who worked in Switzerland, less than one third of vertebrates in the country are known to harbor cestodes. The true extent of this parasitic fauna hence remains to be described.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I am extremely thankful to Prof. Ian Beveridge (Melbourne), Dr Patrick Boujon (Lausanne), Prof. Boyko Georgiev (Sofia), Prof. Bruno Gottstein (Bern), Dr Roman Kuchta (Ceske Budejovice), Prof. Christian Lengeler (Basel), Prof. Tomas Scholtz (Ceske Budejovice), Prof. Gergana Vasileva (Sofia), and Dr Claude Vaucher (Geneva), who helped in various ways to improve this manuscript. I am grateful to Profs Janine Caira (Storrs, CT) and Kirsten Jensen (Lawrence, KS) for maintaining the Global Cestode Database at the University of Connecticut. Dr Voitto Haukisalmi (Helsinki) and an anonymous reviewer are thanked for their constructive suggestions.

I would also like to thank the following colleagues and curators who provided information on their collections: Dr Marco Bernasconi (Lucerne), Škoríková Blanka (Ceske Budejovice), Dr Danuta Cielecka and Dr Ruslan Sałamatin (Warsaw), Yvette Endriss and Dr Eduard Stoeckli (Basel), Dr Anne Freitag and Dr Michel Sartori (Lausanne), Dr Sophie Giriens (Fribourg), Eileen Harris (†) and Lauren Hughes (London), Dr Nicolas Kramar (Sion), Stephan Liersch (Chur), Dr Arseny Makarikov

(Novosibirsk), Dr Nicolas Margraf (La Chaux-de-Fonds), Dr Lucia Pollini (Lugano), Dr Martina Schenkel (Zurich), Dr Sabrina Schnurrenberger (Winterthur), Dr Denis Vallan (Aarau).

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Table 1. List of cestodes and their hosts in Switzerland. Parasite species with a \* and hosts with a ° were already reported in Fuhrmann (1926). L indicates that larval forms were found in this host. See "Material and Methods" section for details and abbreviations. Remarks are numbered in square brackets and are developed in the text.

BOTHRIOCEROPHALIDEA

Sriaenophoridæ Lönning 1889



Anatidae	<i>Anas</i> sp. <sup>o</sup>	GE (?) [1]
Scarabaeidae	<i>Amidorus obscurus</i> <sup>o</sup>	VS
Sciuridae	<i>Marmota marmota</i> <sup>o</sup>	FR, GR, UR, VD, VS/1917, 1961-4
<i>Equina Haukisalmi, 2009</i>	<i>E. manillana</i> * (Mehlis in Guilt, 1831) - ( <i>Anoplocephala manillana</i> , <i>Anoplocephalus manillana</i> , <i>Paranoplocephala manillana</i> )	
<i>EQUIDAE</i>	<i>Equis caballus</i> <sup>o</sup>	BE, NE, ZH/1920
<i>Eurotaenia Haukisalmi, Hardman, Hoberg &amp; Henttonen, 2014</i>		
<i>E. gracilis</i> (Tenora & Murai, 1980)		
Cricetidae	<i>Chionomys nivalis</i>	VD/1994
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys agrestis</i>	VD, VS/1968, 1993
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys arvalis</i>	VD/1993
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys subterraneus</i>	UR, VS/1966, 1971
Cricetidae	<i>Myodes glareolus</i>	VD/1993
<i>Genovia Haukisalmi, 2009</i>		
<i>G. wimerosa</i> (Moniez, 1880) - ( <i>Anoplocephaloides wimerosa</i> , <i>Paranoplocephala wimerosa</i> )		VS
Leporidae	<i>Lepus timidus</i>	
<i>Marmonocephala Gvozdev, Zhigileva &amp; Gulyaev, 2004</i>		
<i>M. transversaria</i> * (Krabbé, 1879) - ( <i>Paranoplocephala transversaria</i> )		
Sciuridae	<i>Marmota marmota</i>	Kreis 1962, Höning 1966
<i>Microtola Haukisalmi, Hardman, Hoberg &amp; Henttonen, 2014</i>		GR
<i>M. blanchardi</i> (Moniez, 1891) - ( <i>Anoplocephala blanchardi</i> , <i>Paranoplocephala blanchardi</i> )		
Cricetidae	<i>Arvicola amphibius</i>	VD/1993
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys agrestis</i>	VD/1994
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys arvalis</i>	
Moniezia Blanchard, 1891		
<i>M. benedeni</i> * (Moniez, 1879) - ( <i>Moniezia denticulata</i> , <i>Moniezia planissima</i> , <i>Moniezia rupicaprae</i> )		BA, BE, NE, TG, ZH/1916
Bovidae	<i>Bos taurus</i> <sup>o</sup>	GR/1961-3
Bovidae	<i>Capra ibex</i>	
<i>M. expansa</i> * (Rudolphi, 1805)	<i>Bos taurus</i> <sup>o</sup>	BE, GE, ZH/1930
Bovidae	<i>Capra ibex</i>	GE, VD, VS/1961-3
Bovidae	<i>Ovis aries</i> <sup>o</sup>	BE, NE, VD, ZH/1987
Bovidae	<i>Rupicapra rupicapra</i>	VS/1961-3
Cervidae	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>	BE, GR, NE, OW, VD/1961-3, 1970-1
<i>Mosgovovia Spasskii, 1951</i>		
<i>M. pectinata</i> * (Goëze, 1892) - ( <i>Catenotenia pectinata</i> , <i>Cittotenia pectinata</i> )		NE, OW, PI, VD, VS/1961-3
Leporidae	<i>Lepus europaeus</i>	BE, VS, VD/1961-3, 1967
Leporidae	<i>Lepus timidus</i> <sup>o</sup>	VS/1964
Sciuridae	<i>Marmota marmota</i>	
<i>Neocitotenia Tenota, 1976</i>		
<i>N. ctenoides</i> (Railliet, 1890) - ( <i>Cittotenia ctenoides</i> )		
Ochotristica Lühe, 1898	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	BE/1976
<i>O. rotundata</i> (Molin, 1859)		
Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta viridis</i>	TI
<i>Paranoplocephala Lühe, 1910</i>	<i>P. omphalodes</i> (Hermann, 1783) – ( <i>Andrya caucasica</i> )	FR, GE, JU, NE/1962-4, 1969, 1976
Cricetidae	<i>Arvicola amphibius</i>	VS/1994
Cricetidae	<i>Chionomys nivalis</i>	VD, VS/1961-3
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys agrestis</i>	GE, VD/1961-3, 1994
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys arvalis</i>	TI/1971
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys multiplex</i>	BE, GE, NE, VS/1951, 1961-4, 1968, 1972, 1985
Muridae	<i>Myodes glareolus</i>	GE
<i>Thysanotenia Skrjabin, 1926</i>		
<i>T. giardi</i> (Moniez, 1879) - ( <i>Helicometra giardi</i> )		GE
Bovidae	<i>Ovis aries</i>	

<i>Thysanosoma</i> Diesing, 1835			
<i>T. actinoides</i> Diesing, 1835	<i>Bos taurus</i>	GE	
<b>Catenoتاenidae Spasskii, 1950</b>			
<i>Catenotaenia</i> Janicki, 1904			
<i>C. dendritic*</i> (Goeze, 1782)			
<i>C. hennomeni</i> Hauksalmi & Tenora, 1993 - ( <i>Catenotaenia pusilla</i> )	<i>Sciurus vulgaris<sup>o</sup></i>	Hörning 1963	
<i>Cricetidae</i>	<i>Myodes glareolus</i>	BA, FR, VD, VS/1961-3	
<i>C. pusilla</i> (Goeze, 1782) - ( <i>Catenotaenia pusilla</i> )	<i>Myodes glareolus</i>	JU, NE/1965-7, 1984-5	
<i>Cricetidae</i>	<i>Apodemus sylvaticus</i>	BE, NE, VS	
<i>Muridae</i>	<i>Mus musculus</i>	NE, VS/1961-3, 1966	
<i>Muridae</i>	<i>Rattus rattus</i>	NE, VS, VD	
<i>S. kraatzi</i> (Baer, 1925) - ( <i>Catenotaenia lobata</i> , <i>Skyabinotaenia lobata</i> )		VD/1961-3	
<i>Cricetidae</i>	<i>Micromys minutus</i>	GE, VS/1961-4	
<i>Cricetidae</i>	<i>Myodes glareolus</i>	GE, VD/1962-4, 1966	
<i>Muridae</i>	<i>Apodemus flavicollis</i>	BE, GE, NE, VD/1962-4, 1966, 1972	
<i>Muridae</i>	<i>Apodemus sylvaticus</i>		
<b>Davaineidae Braun, 1900</b>			
<i>Davainea</i> Blanchard, 1891			
<i>D. andrei</i> Fuhrmann, 1933 - ( <i>Railletina Andrei</i> )	<i>Perdix perdix</i> [2]	GE/1933	
<i>Phasianidae</i>	<i>Perdix perdix</i> [2]		
<i>D. proglotina*</i> (Davaine, 1860) - ( <i>Railletina proglotina</i> )	<i>Gallus gallus<sup>o</sup></i>	Fuhrmann 1919	
<i>Phasianidae</i>	<i>Tetrao urogallus<sup>o</sup></i>	BA, VS	
<i>D. tetraoensis*</i> Fuhrmann, 1919	<i>Tetrao urogallus<sup>o</sup></i>	FR, VD/1915	
<i>Fernandezia</i> Lopez-Neyra, 1936			
<i>F. spinosissima</i> (von Linstow, 1894) - ( <i>Railletina spinosissima</i> )	<i>Turdus merula</i>	JU, NE, VD, VS/1969, 1896	
<i>Idiogenes</i> Krabbe, 1868			
<i>I. flagellum*</i> (Goeze, 1782) - ( <i>Idiogenes mastigophora</i> )	<i>Mithus migrans<sup>o</sup></i>	Fuhrmann 1926	
<i>Accipitridae</i>		BA	
<i>P. paronella</i> Fuhrmann, 1920			
<i>P. urogalli*</i> (Modeer, 1790) - [ <i>Davainea urogalli</i> , <i>Railletina (P.) urogalli</i> ]	<i>Lyrurus tetrix<sup>o</sup></i>	Fuhrmann 1919	
<i>Phasianidae</i>	<i>Tetrao urogallus<sup>o</sup></i>	Fuhrmann 1919	
<i>Phasianidae</i>		BA	
<i>R. anatina*</i> Fuhrmann, 1920	<i>Railletina anatina</i> , <i>Railletina crassula</i>	Fuhrmann 1926	
<i>Anatidae</i>	<i>Anas platyrhynchos<sup>o</sup></i>	BA	
<i>R. echinobothrida*</i> (Megnin, 1880) - ( <i>Davainea bothrioplitis</i> )	<i>Davainea bothrioplitis</i>	Fuhrmann 1926	
<i>Phasianidae</i>	<i>Gallus gallus<sup>o</sup></i>	VD	
<i>R. frontina</i> (Dujardin, 1845) - [ <i>Railletina (R.) frontina</i> ]	<i>Picus viridis</i>	GE	
<i>Picidae</i>	<i>Picus viridis</i>		
<i>R. tetragona*</i> (Molin, 1858) - [ <i>Davainea tetragona</i> , <i>Railletina (R.) tetragona</i> ]	<i>Gallus gallus<sup>o</sup></i>	Baer 1932	
<i>Phasianidae</i>		Galli-Valterio 1901, 1924	
<i>S. bonini*</i> (Megnin, 1899) - [ <i>Davainea columbae</i> , <i>Railletina (S.) bonini</i> , <i>Railletina columbae</i> ] [3]			
<i>Columbidae</i>	<i>Columba livia</i>	NE/1936	
<i>Columbidae</i>	<i>Columba palumbus<sup>o</sup></i>	SG/1999	
<i>S. cesticillus</i> (Molin, 1858) - [ <i>Railletina (S.) cesticillus</i> ]	<i>Gallus gallus</i>	BA	
<b>Dilepididae Fuhrmann, 1907</b>			
<i>Anomotaenia</i> Cohn, 1900			
<i>A. brevis</i> (Clerc, 1902)	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>		
<i>Picidae</i>		NE/1974	

<i>A. cyathiformis*</i> (Froehlich, 1771)		Hörning 1963
Apodidae	<i>Apus apus</i> <sup>o</sup>	GE, NE, VD, VS/1961-3
<i>A. dehisces*</i> (Krabbe, 1879)	<i>Cinclodes cinclus</i> <sup>o</sup>	AG, NE, SG, TH/1910, 1961-3
Cinclidae	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926, Hörning 1963
<i>A. microphallos*</i> (Krabbe, 1869)		Kreis 1962
Charadriidae		NE/1915
<i>A. microrhyncha</i> (Krabbe, 1869)	<i>Calidris pugnax</i>	NE
Scolopacidae		
<i>A. nymphaea*</i> (Schrank, 1790)	<i>Numenius arquata</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926
Scolopacidae		VD
<i>A. stentoreus</i> (Froehlich, 1802)	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	VD
Charadriidae		
<i>Burhinotaenia Spasskii &amp; Spasskaya</i> 1965		
<i>B. coronata*</i> (Crepelin, 1829) - ( <i>Choanotaenia corona</i> )		GE/1910
<i>Burhinidae</i>		
<i>Choanotaenia Raillet</i> 1896		
<i>C. infundibulum*</i> (Bloch, 1779)	<i>Gallus gallus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926, Gaschen 1950
Burhinidae	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>	Gaschen 1950
<i>C. oriolus</i> Joyeux & Baer, 1955	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>	Joyeux & Baer 1955
Corvidae		NE/1944
<i>C. passerina</i> (Fuhrmann, 1907)	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	NE/1965
Passeridae		
<i>Dicymerra Clark</i> , 1952		
<i>Dilepis Weinland</i> , 1858	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>	GE/2006
Picidae		
<i>D. cypselina</i> Neslobinsky, 1911	<i>Apus apus</i>	GE
Apodidae	<i>Dilepis angulata</i> , <i>Dilepis undulata</i> , <i>Taenia undulata</i>	NE/1970
<i>D. undulata*</i> (Schrank, 1788) - ( <i>Dilepis angulata</i> , <i>Dilepis undulata</i> , <i>Taenia undulata</i> )		BA, FR, VD
Alaudidae	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>	NE/1972
Corvidae	<i>Corvus corone</i> <sup>o</sup>	VD
Corvidae	<i>Corvus frugilegus</i> <sup>o</sup>	BL/1966
Corvidae	<i>Pica pica</i>	BE, NE, VD/1966, 1969
Corvidae	<i>Pyrrhocorax graculus</i>	BE, GR, JU, VD, VS/1965, 1966, 1971, 1984
Muridae	<i>Apodemus sylvaticus</i>	VD
Soricidae	<i>Crocidura russula</i>	GE, JU, NE, VD, VS/1912, 1960-9, 1973-4, 1985-7
Soricidae	<i>Sorex araneus</i>	JU, NE/1965, 1986
Sturnidae	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	NE/1986
Turdidae	<i>Turdus merula</i> <sup>o</sup>	GE
Turdidae	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	VD
Turdidae	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	Galli-Valerio 1940
Turdidae	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>	Galli-Valerio 1940
Turdidae		Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967
<i>Emberiza Spasskaya</i> , 1970 - ( <i>Uncinula raymondi</i> )		Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967
<i>E. raymondi</i> Gigon & Beuret, 1991		Galli-Valerio 1940
Turdidae		Galli-Valerio 1940
<i>Hepacocestus Bona</i> , 1994	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	Galli-Valerio 1940
<i>H. hepaticus</i> (Baer, 1932) - ( <i>Choanotaenia hepatica</i> )		Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967
Soricidae	<i>Sorex araneus</i>	Baer 1932, Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967
<i>Liga Weinland</i> , 1857		VD, VS/1966
<i>Liga</i> sp.	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>	GE/2006
Picidae		
<i>L. gallinula</i> (van Beneden, 1858)	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	VD/1961-3
Rallidae		Hörning 1963
<i>Molluscoptera Spasskii &amp; Andreiko</i> , 1971	<i>(Choanotaenia crassiscutex, Monopylidium scutigerum)</i>	Arionidae
<i>M. crassiscolex</i> (von Linstow, 1890) - ( <i>Choanotaenia crassiscutex, Monopylidium scutigerum</i> )		L

Soricidae	<i>Neomys fodiens</i>	Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967
Soricidae	<i>Sorex alpinus</i>	Baer 1932, Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967, Wahl 1967
Soricidae	<i>Sorex araneus</i>	Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967, Vaucher 1971
<i>Monopylidium</i> Fuhrmann, 1899	<i>Sorex minutus</i>	
<i>M. album</i> (Mettrick, 1958) - ( <i>Polycerus albani</i> )		
Sturnidae	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	Gigon & Beuret 1991, Komisarovas <i>et al.</i> 2007
<i>M. crateriformis</i> * (Goeze, 1782) - ( <i>Choanotaenia crateriformis</i> )		
Picidae	<i>Dendrocopos major</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926
Picidae	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>	Galli-Valterio 1940
Picidae	<i>Picus viridis</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926
<i>M. galbulae</i> (Gmelin, 1790)		
Oriolidae	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>	NIE/1944
<i>M. musculus</i> * (Fuhrmann, 1896) - ( <i>Monopylidium musculosum</i> )		
Passeridae	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	BA, GE, GR, JU, NE, VD, VS/1961-7, 1971, 1976
Sturnidae	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i> <sup>s</sup>	BA/1947
Sylviidae	<i>Sylvia borin</i>	BA, JU/1986
<i>M. filamentosa</i> * (Goeze, 1782) - ( <i>Choanotaenia filamentosa</i> , <i>Monopylidium filamentosum</i> , <i>Taenia blanchardi</i> ) [4]		JU/1986
<i>M. depressa</i> * (von Siebold, 1836) - ( <i>Anomotaenia depressa</i> )		BE, GE, GR, JU, NE, VD, VS/1961-7, 1971, 1976
<i>N. Singh, 1952</i>		Baer 1932, Hörling 1963, Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967
<i>P. parina</i> (Rudolphi, 1802)	<i>Apus apus</i> <sup>o</sup>	BA, GE, NE/1926, 1932
Paridae	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>	BE/1969
<i>P. major</i>		
<i>P. megarhyncha</i> (Rudolphi, 1810) - ( <i>Choanotaenia megacantha</i> )		Hörling 1963
Caprimulgidae	<i>Caprimulgus europaeus</i>	NIE, VD/1961-3, 1984
<i>P. poros</i> * (Rudolphi, 1810) - ( <i>Choanotaenia porosa</i> , <i>Icteroaenia porosa</i> )		Galli-Valterio 1940
Laniidae	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i> <sup>s</sup>	VS
<i>P. ciliata</i> (Fuhrmann, 1913) - ( <i>Anomotaenia ciliata</i> , <i>Uncinaria ciliata</i> )		Hörling 1963
Anatidae	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	Szelenbaum-Cielecka <i>et al.</i> 1988
<i>Pseudoungularia</i> Burt, 1938		N/1981-5
<i>Pseudoungularia</i> sp.		GE/1932
Apodidae	<i>Apus apus</i>	
<i>Saccituerina</i> Matevosyan, 1963		
<i>S. paradoxox</i> * (Rudolphi, 1802) - ( <i>Icteroaenia paradoxoxa</i> )		
Charadriidae	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i> <sup>s</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926
Scolopacidae	<i>Scolopax rusticola</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926
<i>S. spinosocapite</i> (Joyeux & Baer, 1955) - ( <i>Choanotaenia spinosocapitae</i> )		
Sturnidae	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	JU, NE/1959, 1986
Turdidae	<i>Turdus merula</i>	JU/1985
Turdidae	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	NIE/1965
<i>S. verulamii</i> Mettrick, 1958) - ( <i>Spiniglans constricta</i> , <i>Anomotaenia constricta</i> )		
Glomeridae	<i>Glomeris</i> sp.	NE
Turdidae	<i>Turdus merula</i>	NIE/1973
<i>Spasspaskya</i> Bona, 1994		
<i>S. passerum</i> (Loeux & Timon-David, 1934) - ( <i>Anomotaenia passerum</i> )		NE/1966, 1974
Turdidae	<i>Turdus merula</i>	
Turdidae	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	
<i>Spiniglans</i> Yamaguti, 1959		
<i>S. affinis</i> Krabbe, 1869) - ( <i>Spiniglans constricta</i> )		
Corvidae	<i>Corvus frugilegus</i>	GE/1959
<i>S. constricta</i> * (Molin, 1858) - ( <i>Anomotaenia constricta</i> )		JU/1986

Corvidae	<i>Corvus coron</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926
Corvidae	<i>Corvus frugilegus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926, Beuret 1988
Turdidae	<i>Turdus merula</i>	Guenat 1964
Turdidae	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	
Dioecocestidae Southwell, 1920		
<i>Dioecocestus</i> Fuhrmann, 1900		
<i>D. asper</i> * (Mehlis, 1831) - ( <i>Dioecocestus aspera</i> )		
Podicipedidae	<i>Podiceps auritus</i>	
Podicipedidae	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926
Diplydiidae Railliet, 1896		
<i>Diplydiidium</i> Leuckart, 1863		
<i>D. caninum</i> * (Linnaeus, 1758)	<i>Canis familiaris</i> <sup>o</sup>	NIE, VD, BA, VS/1975
Canidae	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	NE/1961-3
Canidae	<i>Felis silvestris</i> <sup>o</sup>	BA, GE, NE, VD, VS/1925, 974, 1990
Felidae		BA, ZH
Hominidae	<i>Homo sapiens</i> <sup>o</sup>	
Gryporhynchidae Spasskii & Spasskaja, 1973		
<i>Paradilepis</i> Hsu, 1935		
<i>P. secolechii</i> * (Rudolph, 1819) - ( <i>Dilepis secolechia</i> )	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i> <sup>o</sup>	GE, NE
Hymenolepididae Parrier, 1897		
<i>Anatinella</i> Spasskii & Spasskaja, 1954		
<i>A. kazachstanica</i> (Maksimova, 1963) - ( <i>Monosaccharates kazachstanica</i> )		NE/1981
Aploparaksis Clerc, 1903 - (Aploparaksis)	<i>Cygnus olor</i>	
Anatidae		
<i>A. cirrosa</i> * (Krabbé, 1869) - ( <i>Drepanidotaenia cirrosa</i> )		
Laniidae	<i>Chriococcyphalus ridibundus</i> <sup>o</sup>	N
<i>A. crassirostris</i> (Krabbé, 1869)	<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>	
Scolopacidae	<i>Haploparaxis filum</i> , <i>Taenia filum</i>	
<i>A. filum</i> * (Göze, 1782) - ( <i>Haploparaxis filum</i> )	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	NE, N
Scolopacidae	<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>	BA, NE
Scolopacidae	<i>Tringa totanus</i> <sup>o</sup>	VD
<i>A. furegeria</i> * (Nitsch in Rudolph, 1819) - ( <i>Hymenolepis furegera</i> )	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	N/1981-5
Anatidae	<i>Aythya fuligula</i> <sup>o</sup>	NE
Anatidae	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	1919
<i>Armadolepis</i> Spasskii, 1954		
<i>A. (Armadolepis) jeanbaeni</i> Makarikov, 2017 - ( <i>Hymenolepis myoxi</i> , <i>Rodenolepis myoxi</i> )		GR, VS [5]/1931, 1971-2
Gliroidae	<i>Eliomyces queretinus</i>	GR/1971
<i>A. (Bremserilepis) myoxi</i> (Rudolph, 1819) - ( <i>Hymenolepis sulcata</i> )	<i>Micromys (Pitymys) sp.</i>	JU/1976
Gliroidae	<i>Glis glis</i>	
<i>Arostrolepis</i> Mas-Coma & Tenora, 1997		
<i>A. horrida</i> von Linstow, 1901) - ( <i>Hymenolepis horrida</i> )	<i>Arvicola amphibius</i>	Baer 1932, Hörning 1963
Cricetidae	<i>Microtus (Pitymys) sp.</i>	
Cricetidae	<i>Astrotrilepis horrida</i>	
<i>A. janickii</i> Makarikov & Kontrimavichus, 2011 - ( <i>Astrotrilepis horrida</i> )	<i>Arvicola amphibius</i>	Makarikov & Kontrimavichus 2011
Cricetidae		
<i>Cladogymnia</i> Baer 1938		
<i>C. guibeiiana</i> (Czaplinksi, 1965) - ( <i>Retinomitra guibeiiana</i> )		Szelendbaum-Cielecka et al. 1988
Anatidae	<i>Cygnus olor</i>	NE/1981, 1985
<i>C. macracanthos</i> * (von Linstow, 1877) - ( <i>Hymenolepis macracanthos</i> )	<i>Hymenolepis macracanthos</i>	
Anatidae	<i>Mergus merganser</i>	
<i>C. serrata</i> * (Fuhrmann, 1906) - ( <i>Hymenolepis serrata</i> )	<i>Mergus serrator</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926
Columbidae	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	Hörning 1963
Columbidae	<i>Columba livia</i> <sup>o</sup>	VID/1961-3 GE

<i>Cloacatania</i> Wohlfügel, 1938		N/1981-5
<i>C. megalops</i> * (Nitzsch in Creplin, 1829) - ( <i>Hymenolepis megalops</i> )		
Anatidae	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	GE
Anatidae	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i> °	Fuhmann 1926
<i>C. furcifera</i> * (Krabbé, 1869) - ( <i>Hymenolepis furcifera</i> )	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i> °	N
Podicipedidae	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i> °	L
<i>C. multistriata</i> * (Rudolphi, 1810) - ( <i>Hymenolepis multistriata</i> )	<i>Taenia multistriata</i>	Fuhmann 1926
Podicipedidae	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i> °	M
Podicipedidae	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i> °	BA
<i>C. pseudofurcifera</i> Vasileva, Georgiev & Genov, 2000 - ( <i>Confifaria furcifera</i> , <i>Hymenolepis capillaris</i> , <i>Hymenolepis podicipedina</i> )	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	GE, NE/1947, 1969
<i>Coronanthus</i> Spasskii, 1954		
<i>C. integrus</i> * (Hamann, 1891) - ( <i>Hymenolepis integra</i> , <i>H. polyacantha</i> )	<i>Gammarellus pulic</i> °	VD, NE/1966
Gammaiidiae	<i>Neomys anomalus</i>	VD
Soricidae	<i>Neomys fodiens</i>	GE, NE, VD/1964, 1968, 1971
<i>C. omisiss</i> (Baer & Joyeux, 1943) - ( <i>Hymenolepis omisissa</i> )	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i> °	GE, NE/1968
Gammaiidiae	<i>Gammarellus pulic</i> °	VD
Soricidae	<i>Neomys anomalus</i>	GE, NE/1931, 1943, 1968
Soricidae	<i>Neomys fodiens</i>	GE, NE/1931, 1943, 1968
<i>Cryptocotylepis</i> Skrjabin & Mathevossian, 1948		
<i>C. globosoides</i> (Soltys, 1954) - ( <i>Hymenolepis fodiensis</i> , <i>H. globosoides</i> , <i>Pseudoboratrialepis globosoides</i> )		GE, NE, VS/1962, 1974, 1991
Soricidae	<i>Neomys fodiens</i>	NE/1974
Soricidae	<i>Sorex araneus</i>	
<i>Dieranotaenia</i> Railliet, 1892		
<i>D. cornuta</i> * (Dujardin, 1845) - ( <i>Hymenolepis cornuta</i> )		
Anatidae	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> °	
Anatidae	<i>Aythya marila</i> °	
Anatidae	<i>Mergus merganser</i>	
Cyprididae	<i>Cyclocypris taenius</i>	
<i>Diorchis</i> Clerc, 1903		
<i>D. acuminata</i> * (Clerc, 1902)		
Anatidae	<i>Mergus serrator</i>	
Rallidae	<i>Fulica atra</i> °	
<i>D. brevis</i> Rybicka, 1957		
Cyprididae	<i>Cypridopsis vidua</i>	
Rallidae	<i>Fulica atra</i>	
<i>D. eliae</i> (Skriabin, 1914)		
Anatidae	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> °	
<i>D. inflata</i> (Rudolphi, 1819) - ( <i>Taenia inflata</i> )		
Cyprididae	<i>Cypridopsis vidua</i>	
Rallidae	<i>Fulica atra</i>	
<i>D. ransomi</i> Schultz, 1940		
Candona sp.		
Cyprididae	<i>Cypridopsis vidua</i>	
Rallidae	<i>Fulica atra</i>	
<i>Diplopastus</i> Jacobi, 1896		
<i>D. laevis</i> * (Bloch, 1782)		
Anatidae	<i>Aythya ferina</i> °	
Anatidae	<i>Netta rufina</i> °	
<i>Ditextolepis</i> Soltys, 1952		
<i>D. diaphana</i> (Chodatkovsky, 1906) - ( <i>Hymenolepis diaphana</i> )		
Soricidae	<i>Sorex alpinus</i>	GR/1971
Soricidae	<i>Sorex araneus</i>	BE, FR, GR, NE, TI, VD, VS
Soricidae	<i>Sorex minutus</i>	GR, NE, VS/1960, 1966, 1971
		GR/1971
		BE, FR, GR, NE, TI, VD, VS
		GR/1971
		GR/1971

<i>Dollfusilepis</i> Vasileva, Georgiev & Genov, 1998			
<i>D. hoploporus</i> (Dollfus, 1951) - ( <i>Hymenolepis capillaris</i> )			
Podicipedidae			
<i>D. rostellata</i> * (Albignae, 1790) - ( <i>Armadostriatinabirosterrata</i> , <i>Hymenolepis rostellata</i> , <i>Taenia capitellata</i> )			
Gaviidae	Joyeux & Baer 1950, Vasileva et al. 1998	NE	
Gaviidae	Fuhrmann 1926	GE, N	
Gaviidae		NE	
Gaviidae		GE, NE	
Echinacotyle Blanchard, 1891		GE	
<i>E. anatina</i> * (Krabbé, 1869) - ( <i>Cysticercus hymenolepidis anatinus</i> , <i>Dicranotaenia anatina</i> , <i>Hymenolepis anatina</i> , <i>Hymenolepis annatina</i> )		NE, VD/1961-3	
Anatidae	Hörning 1963	BA, GE, VD/1961-3	
Anatidae	Hörning 1963	GE	
Cypripidae	L Fuhrmann 1926		
<i>E. rosseteri</i> Blanchard, 1891			
Cypripidae	L Szelenbaum-Cielecka et al. 1988	M, N/1985	
<i>E. ryjikovi</i> Tolkatcheva, 1969			
Cyclopidae	L Szelenbaum-Cielecka et al. 1988	M, N/1985	
Cyclopidae	L Szelenbaum-Cielecka et al. 1988	M, N/1985	
<i>Echinocotyle</i> Spasskii & Spasskaja, 1954			
<i>E. carioca</i> * (Magalhães, 1898) - ( <i>Hymenolepis carioca</i> , <i>Hymenolepis exilis</i> )			
Phasianidae	<i>Gallus gallus</i> °	BA, GE, VD	
<i>Finibraria</i> Frohlich, 1802			
<i>F. fasciolaris</i> * (Pallas, 1781)			
Anatidae	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> °	Szelenbaum-Cielecka et al. 1988	
Anatidae	<i>Aythya fuligula</i> °	BA, NE, N/1985	
Anatidae	<i>Aythya marila</i> °	GE, NE/1972	
Anatidae	<i>Cygnus olor</i> °	GE, NE	
Anatidae	<i>Mergus merganser</i> °	GE/1961-3	
Anatidae	<i>Netta rufina</i> °	N/E/1974	
Cyclopidae	<i>Macrocylops abditus</i>	Fuhrmann 1926	GE
Cyclopidae		Szelenbaum-Cielecka et al. 1988	M, N/1985
Cypripidae		Szelenbaum-Cielecka et al. 1988	M, N/1985
<i>Gulyaevilepis</i> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
<i>G. tripartita</i> (Zarnowski, 1955) - ( <i>Ditextolepis tripartita</i> )		Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967, Vaucher 1971	
Soricidae	<i>Sorex alpinus</i>	VS/1966	
Soricidae	<i>Sorex araneus</i>	GR, VS/1966, 1971, 1996	
<i>Hispaniolepis</i> Lopez-Neyra, 1942			
<i>H. villosa</i> * (Bloch, 1782) - ( <i>Hymenolepis villosa</i> )			
Otididae	<i>Otis tarda</i> °	BA [6,7]	
<i>Hymenolepis</i> Weinland, 1858			
<i>H. armata</i> (Fuhrmann, 1906)			
Anatidae	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>	NE, L	
<i>H. capillaroides</i> Fuhrmann, 1906			
Podicipedidae	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	NE	
<i>H. diminuta</i> * (Rudolphi, 1819)		FR/1969	
Muridae	<i>Apodemus flavicollis</i> [8]	NE	
Muridae	<i>Apodemus sylvaticus</i> [8]	VD	
Muridae	<i>Mus musculus</i>	GE, TI, VD/1970	
Muridae	<i>Rattus norvegicus</i> °	GE, NE, VD	
<i>H. exilis</i> Dujardin, 1845	<i>Rattus rattus</i> °	VD	
Phasianidae			
<i>H. hibernia</i> Montgomery, Montgomery & Dunn, 1986 - ( <i>Rodentolepis microstoma</i> )	<i>Gallus gallus</i>	GE/1963, 1964	
Muridae			
<i>H. linea</i> * (Goeze, 1782)	<i>Apodemus sylvaticus</i>	VS, TI	
Phasianidae		BA, NE, VD, VS/1961-3	
Phasianidae	<i>Alectoris grisea</i> °		
	<i>Perdix perdix</i> °		

<i>H. microps</i> * (Diesing, 1850) - ( <i>Hymenolepis tetraonis</i> )			VD/1961-3
Phasianidae	<i>Tetrao urogallus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Hörning 1963	
<i>H. murisyyatieri</i> (Rudolphi, 1819) - ( <i>Hymenolepis muris-sylvatici</i> , <i>Rodentolepis fraterna</i> , <i>Rodentolepis muris-sylvatici</i> )			BE, NE, VD/1965-6, 1968
Muridae	<i>Apodemus flavicollis</i>	BE, GE, NE, VD/1930, 1965-6, 2001	
Muridae	<i>Apodemus sylvaticus</i>	BE, GE, NE, VD/1930, 1965-6, 2001	
<i>H. provera Janicki, 1904 (sp. inquirenda)</i>		Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967	
Cricetidae		Baer 1931, 1932, Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967	
<i>H. simulans</i> Joyeux & Baer, 1941		Gaschen 1950	VD
Gavidae		Joyeux & Baer 1941	NE
<i>Hymenolepis</i> sp. [9]	<i>Gavia arctica</i>		NE
Canidae	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>		NE/1948
Scopacidae			VD
<i>H. sphærophora</i> * (Rudolphi, 1810) - ( <i>Tenius sphærophora</i> )			JU/1976
<i>H. sulcata</i> (von Linstow, 1879)	<i>Numenius arquata</i> <sup>o</sup>		
Gliroidae			GE, L
<i>H. teresoides</i> * Fuhrmann, 1906	<i>Glis glis</i>		
Anatidae			BA
<i>H. tichodroma</i> * Fuhrmann, 1908	<i>Netta rufina</i> <sup>o</sup>		FR
Sittidae			
<i>H. uliginosa</i> (Krabbe, 1882)	<i>Tichodroma muraria</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926	
Scolopacidae			
<i>Lineolepis</i> Spaskii, 1959	<i>Numenius arquata</i>		GR/1971
<i>L. scutigera</i> (Dujardin, 1845) - ( <i>Hymenolepis scutigera</i> , <i>Hymenolepis toxometra</i> , <i>Staphylacystis toxometra</i> )			GE, VS
Cricetidae	<i>Myodes glareolus</i> [10]		CH/1931, 1965-1974, 1984
Soricidae	<i>Crocidura russula</i>		
Soricidae	<i>Sorex araneus</i>	Baer 1928, 1932, Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967	
Soricidae	<i>Sorex minutus</i>		GR/1971
<i>Microsomacanthus</i> Lopez-Neyra, 1942			
Anatidae	<i>M. abortiva</i> (von Linstow, 1904) - ( <i>Hymenolepis abortiva</i> )		NE/1926
<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> <sup>o</sup>			
<i>M. arcuata</i> * (Kowalewski, 1904) [11]- ( <i>Hispanolepis villosoides</i> )			NE, L
Anatidae	<i>Hispanolepis villosoides</i> , <i>Hymenolepis arcuata</i> , <i>Hymenolepis villosoides</i>		NE
<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> <sup>o</sup>			GE
<i>Aythya fuligula</i> <sup>o</sup>			
Anatidae	<i>Fuhrmann 1926</i>		
<i>M. collaris</i> * (Batsch, 1786) - ( <i>Hymenolepis collaris</i> )			
Anatidae	<i>Aythya fuligula</i> <sup>o</sup>		
Anatidae	<i>Aythya marila</i> <sup>o</sup>		
Anatidae			
<i>M. compressa</i> (Linton, 1892) - ( <i>Hymenolepis compressa</i> )			N/1981-5
Anatidae	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>		GE, N
Anatidae	<i>Aythya fuligula</i> <sup>o</sup>		NE
Anatidae	<i>Aythya sp.</i>		M, N/1985
Cyclopidae			
<i>Cyclopidae</i>	<i>Eucyclops serratus</i>		
<i>M. microcephalus</i> * (Rudolphi, 1819) - ( <i>Hymenolepis microcephala</i> , <i>Taenia multiformis</i> )	<i>Macrocylops albifidus</i>		
Ciconiidae	<i>Eucyclops serratus</i>		
<i>M. microsoma</i> (Crepin, 1829) - ( <i>Hymenolepis microsoma</i> )	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i> <sup>o</sup>		
Anatidae	<i>Somateria mollissima</i>		
<i>M. paracompresa</i> (Czaplinski, 1956)			
Anatidae	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>		
<i>M. parvula</i> (Kowalewski, 1904)	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>		
Anatidae	<i>Aythya fuligula</i> <sup>o</sup>		
<i>M. pseudorostellatus</i> (Joyeux & Baer, 1950) - ( <i>Hymenolepis pseudorostellata</i> )	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i> <sup>o</sup>		
Gavidae	<i>Gavia immer</i>		
<i>M. seigera</i> (Froelich, 1789) - ( <i>Hymenolepis seigera</i> )	<i>Anser fabalis</i> [12]		
Anatidae	<i>Aythya fuligula</i> <sup>o</sup>		
Anatidae	<i>Aythya marila</i> <sup>o</sup>		

<i>M. spiralisbursata</i> (Czaplinksi, 1956)			
Anatidae	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	Szelenbaum-Cielecka <i>et al.</i> 1988	N/1981-5
Cyclonidae	<i>Macrocylops albidus</i>	L	M, N/1985
<i>M. grisea</i> van Beneden, 1873 - ( <i>Hymenolepis grisea</i> )		Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967	NE/1966
Vespetilionidae	<i>Myotis myotis</i>		
<i>Monorcholepis</i> Oshmann, 1961			
<i>M. dujardini*</i> (Krabbe, 1869) - ( <i>Aploparaksis dujardini</i> , <i>Taenia dujardini</i> )		Furmann 1926	BA NE/1968
Sturnidae	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i> <sup>o</sup>		
Turdidae	<i>Turdus merula</i>		
<i>Neomyelis</i> Tkach, 1998			
<i>N. magnirostellata</i> (Baer, 1931) - ( <i>Hymenolepis magnirostellata</i> , <i>Staphylacystis magnirostellata</i> )		Baer 1931, Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967	VD, NE, VS/1931, 1968, 1973
Soricidae	<i>Neoskrjabinolepis</i> Spasskii, 1947		
<i>N. merkuševae</i> Kornienko & Binken, 2008 - ( <i>Hymenolepis schaldbini</i> , <i>Neoskrjabinolepis schaldbini</i> )		VD, VS/1966, 1972	
Soricidae	<i>Sorex alpinus</i>	Vaucher 1971	GR, NE, TI, VD, VS/1964-8, 1971, 1984, 1993
Soricidae	<i>Sorex araneus</i>	Vaucher 1971	GR, VD, VS/1966, 1968, 1971
Soricidae	<i>Sorex minutus</i>	Vaucher 1971	
Soricidae	<i>N. schaldbini</i> Spasskii, 1947 - ( <i>Hymenolepis schaldbini</i> , <i>Neoskrjabinolepis singularis</i> )	Vaucher 1971	CH/1930, 1959, 1964-1972-4, 1993, 1996
Soricidae	<i>Sorex alpinus</i>	Vaucher 1971	GR, NE, VD/1960, 1965, 1968, 1971-2, 1984, 2001
Soricidae	<i>Sorex araneus</i>	Vaucher 1971	
Soricidae	<i>Sorex minutus</i>	Vaucher 1971	
<i>N. singularis</i> (Chodolkovský, 1912) - ( <i>Hymenolepis singularis</i> )			GR/1971
Cricetidae	<i>Myodes glareolus</i> [10]	Baer 1932, Vaucher 1971	BE, GR, NE, VD, VS/1965-9, 1971-2
Soricidae	<i>Sorex araneus</i>		
<i>Parabissacanthes</i> Maksimova, 1963		Joyeux & Baer 1950	N
<i>P. bisacculina</i> (Szpotanska, 1931) - ( <i>Hymenolepis bisacculina</i> )			
Anatidae	<i>Cygnus olor</i>		
<i>P. kazachstanica</i> Maksimova, 1963 - ( <i>Monosaccanthes kazakhstanica</i> )		Szelenbaum-Cielecka <i>et al.</i> 1988	N/1981-5
Anatidae	<i>Cygnus olor</i>	L	M, N/1985
Cyclonidae	<i>Acanthocyclops viridis</i>		
<i>P. philactes</i> (Schiller, 1951)		Szelenbaum-Cielecka <i>et al.</i> 1988	NE, N/1981, 1985
Anatidae		L	M, N/1985
Cyclopidae	<i>Cygnus olor</i>		
<i>P. parvolepis</i> Makarikov & Gulyaev, 2009	<i>Eucyclops serratus</i>	Galli-Valerio 1940	NE, VS
Muridae	<i>Apodemus flavicollis</i>	Baer 1928	NE, VD
Muridae	<i>Apodemus sylvaticus</i>		BE, VD, VS
Muridae	<i>Mus musculus</i>		
Muridae	<i>Rattus rattus</i> <sup>o</sup>		
<i>Passerilepis</i> Spasskii & Spasskaya 1954			
<i>P. brevis</i> (Furmann, 1906) - ( <i>Microsomacanthus brevis</i> )		Gigon & Beuret 1991	JU/1986
Sylviidae	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>		
<i>P. crenata*</i> (Goëze, 1782) - ( <i>Hymenolepis crenata</i> , <i>Taenia crenata</i> )		Galli-Valerio 1940, Höning 1963	BA, FR, NE, TG, VD, VS/1961-3
Corvidae	<i>Corvus corone</i> <sup>o</sup>	Galli-Valerio 1924, Höning 1963	NE, VD, VS/1961-3, 1972
Corvidae	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	Galli-Valerio 1940, Höning 1963	GE, VD, VS/1961-3
Corvidae	<i>Nucifraga caryocatactes</i>	Höning 1963	VD, VS/1961-3
Picidae	<i>Pica pica</i>		GE, JU, NE/1973, 1986, 2001
Sturnidae	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>		JU, NE/1986-7
Turdidae	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>		BA, JU, NE/1966, 1985-6
Turdidae	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>		JU, NE/1965, 1986
Turdidae	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>		JU/1986
<i>P. passeris*</i> (Gmelin, 1790) - ( <i>Hymenolepis fringillarum</i> , <i>Microsomacanthus passeris</i> )		Gaschen 1950	VD, VS
Fringillidae	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		
Muscicapidae	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>		

Passeridae	<i>Passer domesticus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Galli-Valerio 1940
Sylviidae	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	Beuret 1988
Sylviidae	<i>Sylvia borin</i>	Gigon 1988
<i>P. stylosa*</i> (Rudolphi, 1809) - ( <i>Hymenolepis stylosa</i> , <i>Microsomacanthus stylosa</i> , <i>Taenia stylosa</i> )		
Corvidae	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i> <sup>o</sup>	BA, GE, LU/1959 NE
Corvidae	<i>Pica pica</i>	
<i>Pseudohymenolepis</i> Joyeux & Baer, 1935		
<i>P. redonica</i> Joyeux & Baer, 1935	<i>Crocidura russula</i>	Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967
Soricidae		
<i>Rodentolepis</i> Spasskii, 1954 (s. latu)		
<i>R. asymmetrica</i> (Janicki, 1904) - ( <i>Hymenolepis arricola</i> , <i>Hymenolepis asymmetrica</i> , <i>Arostilepis horrida</i> )	<i>Chionomys nivalis</i>	Baer 1932
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys ivesi</i>	Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys arvalis</i>	Baer 1932, Horning 1963
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys subterraneus</i>	Baer & Tenora 1970
Cricetidae	<i>Myodes glareolus</i>	
<i>R. erinacei</i> (Gmelin, 1790) - ( <i>Hymenolepis erinacei</i> )	<i>Micromys (Pitymys) sp.</i>	
Erinaceidae	<i>Erinaceus europaeus</i>	Horning 1963
<i>R. microstoma</i> (Dujardin, 1845) - ( <i>Hymenolepis microstoma</i> )	<i>Anchomitus dorsalis</i>	L Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967
Carabidae	<i>Leptopsylla segnis</i>	L
Lepidopsyllidae	<i>Apodemus sp.</i>	Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967
Muridae	<i>Apodemus flavicollis</i>	Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967, Wahl 1967
Muridae	<i>Apodemus syriacus</i>	Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967, Wahl 1967
Muridae	<i>Mus musculus</i>	Horning 1963
Cricetidae	<i>Myodes glareolus</i>	
Muridae	<i>Apodemus flavicollis</i>	
Muridae	<i>Apodemus syriacus</i>	
<i>R. straminea</i> (Goede, 1782) - ( <i>Hymenolepis straminea</i> )		
Soricidae		
<i>S. jacutensis</i> Spasskii & Morozov, 1958		Vaucher 1971
<i>S. soboleviancanthus</i> Spasskii & Spasskai, 1954	<i>Sorex minutus</i>	
<i>S. fragilis</i> (Krabbe, 1869) - ( <i>Hymenolepis fragilis</i> )		
Anatidae	<i>Anas crecca</i>	
<i>S. gracilis*</i> (Zeder, 1803) - ( <i>Hymenolepis gracilis</i> )	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> <sup>o</sup>	Szelenga-Cielecka et al. 1988
Anatidae	<i>Aythya fuligula</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhmann 1926
Candididae	<i>Candona sp.</i>	Szelenga-Cielecka et al. 1988
Cyclopidae	<i>Paracyclops fimbriatus</i>	L
Cyprididae	<i>Cypridopsis vidua</i>	Szelenga-Cielecka et al. 1988
<i>S. gracilissimus</i> Czaplinski & Czaplinska, 1990		
Anatidae	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	
<i>S. krabbeilla</i> (Hughes, 1940)		
Anatidae	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	Szelenga-Cielecka et al. 1988
<i>Sorcinia</i> Spasskii & Spasskai, 1954		
<i>S. globosa</i> (Baer, 1931) - ( <i>Hymenolepis globosa</i> )		Baer 1931
Soricidae	<i>Neomys fodiens</i>	VS/1931, 1994
<i>S. infirma</i> (Zarnowski, 1955) - ( <i>Hymenolepis infirma</i> )		
Soricidae	<i>Sorex alpinus</i>	VD
Soricidae	<i>Sorex minutus</i>	GR, NE, TI, VD, VS/1965-6, 1968-74, 1996
<i>Staphylocystis</i> Spasskii & Oshmarin 1954		VS/1966
<i>S. acuta</i> (Rudolphi, 1819) - ( <i>Taenia obtusata</i> )	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	
Vesperilionidae		VD

- |   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| <i>S. alpestris</i> Baer, 1931 - ( <i>Hymenolepis alpestris</i> )   | <i>Neomys fodiens</i>  | Baer 1931                                    |
| <i>S. bacillaris</i> * (Goeze, 1822) - ( <i>Hymenolepis bacillaris</i> )  |  |  |
| Talpidae  | <i>Talpa europaea</i> <sup>o</sup>   | Fuhmann 1926, Gasschen 1950                  |
| <i>S. brusatiae</i> (Vaucher, 1971)   |  |  |
| Soricidae   | <i>Crocidura suaveolens</i>  | Vaucher 1971                                 |
| <i>S. furcata</i> (Stieda, 1862) - ( <i>Hymenolepis furcata</i> )   | <i>Crocidura russula</i>   | Wahl 1967                                    |
| Soricidae   | <i>Sorex araneus</i>   | Baer 1932, Vaucher 1971                      |
| Soricidae   | <i>Sorex minutus</i>   | Vaucher & Hunkeler 1971                      |
| <i>S. pistillum</i> * (Dujardin, 1845) - ( <i>Hymenolepis pistillum</i> )   | <i>Gloemeus marginata</i>  | L  |
| Glomeridae  | <i>Crocidura russula</i>   | Wahl 1967, Vaucher 1971                      |
| Soricidae   | <i>Sorex alpinus</i> [14]  | Galli Valerio 1924                           |
| Soricidae   | <i>Sorex araneus</i> [14]  | Galli Valerio 1912, Wahl 1967                |
| <i>S. scalaris</i> (Dujardin, 1845) - ( <i>Hymenolepis dodecacantha</i> , <i>H. scalaris</i> , <i>Taenia scalaris</i> )                   | <i>Crocidura russula</i>   | Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967, Vaucher 1971        |
| Soricidae   | <i>Sorex araneus</i> [14]  | Baer 1932                                    |
| Soricidae   | <i>Sorex minutus</i> [14]  | Wahl 1967                                    |
| <i>S. tatarica</i> (Dujardin, 1845) - ( <i>Hymenolepis tatarica</i> )   | <i>Crocidura russula</i>   | Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967                      |
| Soricidae   | <i>Crocidura sp.</i>   | Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967                      |
| Soricidae   | <i>Crocidura suaveolens</i>  | Baer 1928                                    |
| <i>S. toxonema</i> Baer, 1932 - ( <i>Hymenolepis toxonema</i> )   | <i>Sorex araneus</i>   | Baer 1932                                    |
| Soricidae   | <i>Crocidura leucodon</i>  | Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967, Vaucher 1971        |
| <i>S. uncinata</i> (Stieda, 1862) - ( <i>Hymenolepis uncinata</i> , <i>Hymenolepis uncinate</i> )   | <i>Crocidura suaveolens</i>  | Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967, Vaucher 1971        |
| Soricidae   |  | Baer 1932                                    |
| <i>S. stefanskii</i> (Zarnowski, 1954) - ( <i>Hymenolepis stefanskii</i> )  | <i>Sorex araneus</i>   | Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967, Vaucher 1971        |
| Soricidae   | <i>Sorex minutus</i>   | Wahl 1967, Vaucher 1971                      |
| <i>Triodontolepis yanaguti</i> , 1959   |  | L  |
| <i>T. bifurca</i> (Hamann, 1891) - ( <i>Hymenolepis bifurca</i> )   | <i>Gammarellus pulex</i>   | Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967                      |
| Gammarellidae   | <i>Neomys fodiens</i>  |  |
| Soricidae   | <i>Hymenolepis hamanni</i> , <i>Hymenolepis hamamni</i> , <i>H. neomidis</i> , <i>Tamphylepis neomidis</i> ) | Hörning 1963                                 |
| Soricidae   | <i>Sorex anomalous</i>   | Baer 1931, Baer & Joyeux 1943, Hörring 1963, |
| Soricidae   | <i>Neomys fodiens</i>  | Vaucher 1971                                 |
| <i>Tschetirkovilepis spasskii</i> & Spasskaja 1954  |  | VS/1961-3                                    |
| <i>T. tenirostris</i> * (Rudolphi, 1819) - ( <i>Anatinella tenirostris</i> , <i>Hymenolepis tenirostris</i> , <i>Taenia tenirostris</i> ) |  | GE, NE, VS/1931, 1961-4, 1968                |
| Urocytidae  | <i>Mergus merganser</i> <sup>o</sup>   | BA   |
| <i>U. prolifer</i> Villot, 1880 - ( <i>Hymenolepis prolifer</i> , <i>Neoskrabynolepis singulans</i> )                                     |  |  |
| Cricetidae  | <i>Myodes glareolus</i> [10]   | GR/1971                                      |
| Soricidae   | <i>Sorex alpinus</i>   | GR, VD/1971-2                                |
| Soricidae   | <i>Sorex araneus</i>   | CH/1965-6, 1968-74, 1994                     |
| Soricidae   | <i>Sorex minutus</i>   | NE, VD, VS/1965-6, 1968                      |
| <i>Vampirolepis spasskii</i> & Oshmarin 1954  |  | BE, VD/1967, 1986                            |
| <i>V. baeri</i> Murai, 1976   |  | BE, VD, VS/1950, 1959                        |
| Vespertilionidae  | <i>Nyctalus noctula</i>  |  |
| <i>V. balsaci</i> (Joyeux & Baer, 1934) - ( <i>Hymenolepis balsaci</i> )  |  |  |
| Vespertilionidae  | <i>Myotis mystacinus</i>   | Aellen 1949, Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967         |
| Vespertilionidae  | <i>Plecotus auritus</i>  |  |



<i>Notopentorchis</i> Burt, 1938			
<i>Notopentorchis</i> sp.	<i>Apus apus</i>	NE/1926	
<i>O. bobica</i> Spasskii, 1947			
Fringillidae	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	JU/1986	
<i>O. conica</i> (Fuhrmann, 1908)	<i>Pyrrhula pyrrhula</i>	NE/1964	
Picidae	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>	JU/1986	
Fringillidae	<i>Fringilla montifringilla</i>	JU/1986	
<i>Paruterina</i> Fuhrmann, 1906			
<i>P. vesiculigera</i> * (Krabbe 1882)	<i>Apus apus</i> °	NE	
<i>Spasskitterina</i> Konyushin, 1989			
<i>S. trianguloides</i> Konyushin, 1989 - ( <i>Biuterina cordifera</i> )			
<i>Muscicapidae</i>	<i>Erythacus rubecula</i>	Gigon & Beuret 1991	
<b>Taeniidae Ludwig, 1886</b>			
<i>Echinococcus</i> Rudolphi, 1801			
<i>E. granulosus</i> * (Batsch, 1786) (s. latu) - ( <i>Echinococcus cysticus</i> , <i>Echinococcus polymorphus</i> )			
Bovidae	<i>Bos taurus</i> °	L	GE, NE, TG, VS, ZH
Bovidae	<i>Onus aries</i> °	L	ZH
Bovidae	<i>Rupicapra rupicapra</i>	L	BA, BE, SO/1970-2
Canidae	<i>Canis familiaris</i> °	L	BA, ZH
Canidae	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	L	TG/1955-6
Cricetidae	<i>Microtus</i> sp.	L	VD
Hominidae	<i>Homo sapiens</i> °	L	CH/1915
Leporidae	<i>Lepus europaeus</i>	L	VD
Suidae	<i>Sus scrofa</i> °	L	VD, NE, ZH
<i>E. multilocularis</i> * Leuckart, 1863 - ( <i>Echinococcus alveolaris</i> )			
Bovidae	<i>Bos taurus</i> °	L	SG
Canidae	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	L	Deplazes <i>et al.</i> 2004
Canidae	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i> [15]	L	Hörning 1963, Ewald & Eckert 1993, Kern 2003,
			Brossard <i>et al.</i> 2007
			Janovský <i>et al.</i> 2002
Castoridae	<i>Castor fiber</i>	L	Höfer <i>et al.</i> 2000, Brossard <i>et al.</i> 2007,
Cricetidae	<i>Arvicola amphibius</i>	L	Bunlet <i>et al.</i> 2011
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys arvalis</i>	L	Brossard <i>et al.</i> 2007
Felidae	<i>Felis silvestris</i>	L	Gottstein <i>et al.</i> 2001
Hominidae	<i>Homo sapiens</i> °	L	Galli-Valero 1901, Schweiger <i>et al.</i> 2007
Muridae	<i>Mus musculus</i>	L	Hörning 1963
<i>Hydatigera</i> Lamarck, 1816			
<i>H. taeniaeformis</i> * Batsch, 1786 (s. latu) - ( <i>Cysticercus fasciolarii</i> , <i>C. taeniae-taeniaeformis</i> , <i>Strobilocercus fasciolarii</i> , <i>Taenia crassicollis</i> , <i>T. taeniaeformis</i> )			
Cricetidae	<i>Arvicola amphibius</i>	L	CH/1961-3, 1967-79, 1993-1996, 2007-8
Cricetidae	<i>Chionomys nivalis</i>	L	CH/1994
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys agrestis</i> °	L	GE, VD, VS/1961-63, 1972, 1980
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys arvalis</i> °	L	VD/1961-3
Felidae	<i>Felis silvestris</i> ° [16]	L	NE, VS, ZH/1974
Muridae	<i>Apodemus flavicollis</i>	L	NE, ZH/1968, 1978
Muridae	<i>Apodemus</i> sp.	L	NE/1968
Muridae	<i>Hörning</i> 1963	L	NE, VS/1961-3, 1969
Muridae	<i>Galli-Valero</i> 1901, Hörning 1963	L	VD, VS, ZH/1961-3
Muridae	<i>Galli-Valero</i> 1901, 1924	L	SG, VD
Mustelidae	<i>Vaucher &amp; Hunkeler</i> 1967	L	VD, VS
Mustelidae	<i>Felis</i>	L	Fuhrmann 1926
Talpidae	<i>Gaschen</i> 1950	L	Talpa europaea°
Stringidae	<i>Fuhrmann</i> 1926	L	<i>Musela erminea</i> °
	<i>Galli-Valero</i> 1901	L	<i>Talpa europaea</i> °
	<i>Bubo bubo</i>	L	Gigon & Beuret 1991

<i>Taenia</i> Linnaeus, 1758			
<i>T. angustata</i> Rudolphi, 1819 ( <i>sp. inquirenda</i> )	<i>Meles meles</i>	Bouvier <i>et al.</i> 1951	VD/1949-50
Mustelidae			
<i>T. crassiceps</i> * (Zeder, 1800) - ( <i>Cysticercus longicollis</i> )	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	Gaschen 1950	AG, BA, GE, NE, SG, VD, VS/1947, 1955, 1960-3, 1975-9
Canidae	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	Baer 1925a, Hörning 1963	FR, SG, VD, VS, ZH/1968-9, 2007-8
Canidae			VD/1961-3
Cricetidae	<i>Arvicola amphibius</i>	L	BE, VD, VS/1961-4, 1993
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys minutus</i>	L	VS
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys arvalis</i> °	L	VS
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys multiplex</i>	L	
Cricetidae	<i>Micromys subterraneus</i>	L	
Muridae	<i>Mus musculus</i>	L	
Muridae	<i>Rattus rattus</i>	L	
Sciuridae	<i>Marmota marmota</i>	L	
Mustelidae			
<i>T. intermediata</i> * Rudolphi 1810 ( <i>sp. inquirenda</i> )	<i>Martes foina</i> °	Fuhmann 1926	VD
Mustelidae	<i>Martes martes</i>	Gaschen 1950	VD
Mustelidae			VD
<i>T. hydatigena</i> * Pallas, 1766 - ( <i>Cysticercus tenicollis</i> , <i>Cysticercus longicollis</i> , <i>Taenia marginata</i> )	<i>Bos taurus</i> °	L	NE, VD, ZH
Bovidae	<i>Capra ibex</i>	L	GR, VD, VS/1961-3
Bovidae	<i>Ovis aries</i> °	L	VD, ZH
Bovidae	<i>Rupicapra rupicapra</i>	L	CH/1961-3, 1970-2
Canidae	<i>Canis familiaris</i> °	L	BE, NE, VD, ZH
Canidae	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	L	VD, VS/1961-3
Cervidae	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>	L	BE, GR, OW, SG, VD, VS/1961-3
Cervidae	<i>Cervus elaphus</i>	L	GR/1961-3
Muridae	<i>Apodemus sylvaticus</i> °	L	VS
Suidae	<i>Sus scrofa</i> °	L	VD, ZH
<i>T. krabbei</i> Moniez, 1879 - ( <i>Cysticercus cervi</i> , <i>Taenia cervi</i> )	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>	L	SG/1961-3
Cervidae			
<i>T. maris</i> (Zeder, 1803)			
Cricetidae	<i>Myodes glareolus</i>	L	FR, GE, JU, NE, VD/1961-9, 1984, 1994, 1998
Hominidae	<i>Homo sapiens</i>	L	Genbank Accession #: OG536306
Muridae	<i>Apodemus flavicollis</i>	L	FR, GE, NE/1962-2, 1966, 1969
Muridae	<i>Apodemus sylvaticus</i>	L	GE, NE/1962-4, 1966
Mustelidae	<i>Martes foina</i>	L	GE, VD, VS/1960-1, 1980-2, 1986
Mustelidae	<i>Meles meles</i>	L	VD/1972
<i>T. multiceps</i> * (Leske, 1780) - ( <i>Coenurus cerebralis</i> , <i>Multiceps cerebralis</i> , <i>Multiceps multiceps</i> , <i>Taenia coenurus</i> )	<i>Bos taurus</i> °	L	BE, GR, SG, ZH
Bovidae	<i>Ovis aries</i> °	L	BE, GE, ZH/1959
Canidae	<i>Canis familiaris</i> °	L	ZH
Canidae	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	L	VD/1961-3
Cervidae	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>	L	VD, VS/1954, 1961-3
Leporidae	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	L	VD
<i>T. pisiformis</i> * (Bloch, 1780) - ( <i>Cysticercus pisiformis</i> , <i>Taenia serrata</i> )	<i>Canis familiaris</i> °	Gallí-Valero 1917, 1921	BE, GE, VD, ZH
Canidae	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	L	NE, SG, VD, VS/1961-3
Canidae	<i>Arvicola amphibius</i>	L	GE
Cricetidae	<i>Felis silvestris</i> °	L	TI, VD/1961-3
Felidae	<i>Lepus europaeus</i> [18]	L	BE, GE, NE VD, VS
Leporidae	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i> °	L	VD
Leporidae	<i>Rattus rattus</i> °	L	GE, JU, NE, VD, VS, ZH/1955, 1961-3, 1967, 1970
Muridae	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	L	VD/1967, 1999
Canidae	<i>Micromys arvalis</i>		
Cricetidae			

Cricetidae	<i>Microtus multiplex</i>	L	Baer 1932, Hörmung 1963	VD/1973
Cricetidae	<i>Myodes glareolus</i>	L	Hörmung 1963	GR, VS/1931, 1961-3, 1971
Muridae	<i>Apodemus syriaticus</i>	L	Hörmung 1963	VD, VS/1961-3
Muridae	<i>Mus musculus</i>	L	Hörmung 1963	NE, VS/1961-3
Sciuridae	<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>	L	Hörmung 1963	VD/1961-3
<i>T. saginata*</i> Goede, 1782 - ( <i>Cysticercus bovis</i> , <i>Taenia mediocanellata</i> )	<i>Bos tauris</i> <sup>o</sup>	L	Fuhrmann 1926 Galli-Valero 1901, 1921	BA, BE, VD ZH CH/1924, 1929, 1931
Bovidae	<i>Homo sapiens</i> <sup>o</sup>	L	Fuhrmann 1926 Bouvier et al. 1953	VS/1961-3
Hominidae	<i>Rupicapra rupicapra</i>	L	Gaschen 1950 Bouvier et al. 1953	BA, VD/1952
<i>T. secunda</i> (Olsson, 1893) (sp. <i>inquirenda</i> , sp. <i>incerta sedis</i> )	<i>Meles meles</i>	L	Gaschen 1950 Bouvier et al. 1953	VD
Bovidae	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	L	Gaschen 1950	GE, VD/1908
Mustelidae	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i> [19]	L	Gaschen 1950	CH
<i>T. solium*</i> Linnaeus, 1758 - ( <i>Cysticercus cellulosae</i> )	<i>Homo sapiens</i> <sup>o</sup> [20]	L	Gall-Valero 1909, André 1917	CH
Hominidae	<i>Sus scrofa</i> <sup>o</sup>	L	Gall-Valero 1901, Fuhrmann 1926	CH
Suidae		L	Fuhrmann 1926	CH
<i>Taenia</i> sp.			Schmidt-Posthaus et al. 2002	
Felidae	<i>Lynx lynx</i>			
<i>V. mustelae</i> Nakao et al. 2013				
Bovidae	<i>Cysticercus hyoileae</i> , <i>Cysticercus tenuicollis</i> , <i>Taenia mustelae</i> , <i>Taenia tenuicollis</i>	L	Gall-Valero 1939	VD
Bovidae	<i>Capra ibex</i> [21]	L	Gall-Valero 1939	GE
Cricetidae	<i>Ovis aries</i> [21]	L	Hörmung 1963	GE, VD, VS/1961-3
Cricetidae	<i>Microtus arvalis</i>	L	Vaucher & Hunkeler 1967	GE, NE, VD/1961, 1966, 199
Muridae	<i>Myodes glareolus</i>	L	Gall-Valero 1917	VS/1915
Mustelidae	<i>Apodemus syriaticus</i>	L	Wahl 1967	BE, VD, VS/1956
Mustelidae	<i>Mustela erminea</i>	L	Wahl 1967	GE
Mustelidae	<i>Mustela nivalis</i>	L	Gaschen 1950	SH, VS/1960
Suidae	<i>Mustela putorius</i>	L	Gaschen 1950	VD/1961-3
Talpidae	<i>Sus scrofa</i> [21]	L	Hörmung 1963	
<i>Talpa europaea</i>		L		
DIPHYLLOBOTRIDEA				
<i>D. dentriticum</i> (Nitzsch, 1824)	<i>Homo sapiens</i>	Wicht et al. 2010	BE/2006	
<i>D. latum*</i> (Linnaeus, 1758) - ( <i>Bothrioccephalus latus</i> , <i>Bothrioccephalus latus</i> )	<i>Canis familiaris</i> <sup>o</sup>	Gall-Valero 1904, 1940	GE, VD	
Canidae	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i> <sup>o</sup>	Bouvier et al. 1963, Radacovska et al. 2022	GR, NE/2017-2018	
Cyclopidae	<i>Cyclops strenuus</i>	L	Janicki & Rosen 1917	NE
Cyclopidae	<i>Eucyclops serratus</i>	L	Szelenbaum-Cielecka et al. 1988 [22]	M, N/1985
Diaptomidae	<i>Diaptomus gracilis</i> <sup>o</sup>	L	Janicki & Rosen 1917	NE
Felidae	<i>Felis silvestris</i> <sup>o</sup>	L	Gall-Valero 1902, Bouvier et al. 1963, Zottler et al. 2019	VD, ZH
Esocidae	<i>Esox lucius</i> <sup>o</sup>	L	Zottler et al. 2019	
Hominidae	<i>Homo sapiens</i> <sup>o</sup>	Radacovska et al. 2019	BA, GE, NE, VD, A, B, L, M	
<i>Diphyllolobothrium Cobbold, 1858</i>	<i>Lota lota</i> <sup>o</sup>	Gall-Valero 1901, Fuhrmann 1926, Bouvier et al. 1963,	CH/1962, 2002, 2004-8	
Lottiidae	<i>Perca fluviatilis</i> <sup>o</sup>	Wicht et al. 2010	NE, TI, VD, A, L, M, N, O/19	
Percidae	<i>Coregonus fera</i> <sup>o</sup>	L	Gall-Valero 1901, André 1917, Hörmung 1963	BE, VD, A, B, L, M, N/1994-L
Salmonidae [23]	<i>Salmo trutta</i> <sup>o</sup>	L	Mariaux 1995, Wicht et al. 2009, Radacovska et al. 2019	BA, NE, VS, N, O, T, V
Salmonidae [23]	<i>Sarotherodon umbra</i>	L	Králova-Hromadová et al. 2021	
Salmonidae [23]	<i>Thymallus thymallus</i>	L	Gall-Valero 1901, Bouvier et al. 1963	
Ranidae	<i>Pelophylax lessonae</i>	L	Zschokke 1887, Bouvier et al. 1963	

<i>D. nihonkaiense</i> Yamane et al., 1986			
<i>Ligula</i> Bloch, 1782	Hominidae	<i>Homo sapiens</i>	Wicht et al. 2007 [24]
<i>L. columbi</i> Zeder, 1803	Gaviidae		
	Podicipedidae	<i>Gavia immer</i>	VD/1961-3
		<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	BE, VD/1961-3
<i>L. diagramma</i> Creplin, 1839	Leuciscidae	<i>Leuciscus leuciscus</i>	BA
<i>L. intestinalis</i> * (Linnaeus, 1758) - ( <i>Dibothrium ligula</i> , <i>Ligula simplicissima</i> )			
Accipitridae		<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	V/S/1938
Anatidae		<i>Mergus merganser</i> °	N
Cyprinidae		<i>Cyprinus carpio</i> °	L, N
Gaviidae		<i>Gavia immer</i>	LJU
Gobionidae		<i>Gobio gobio</i> °	BA, M, N, L/1934, 1961-3
Landiae		<i>Chriocephalus ridibundus</i> °	GE, NE, ZH, L, N
Leuciscidae		<i>Rissa tridactyla</i> °	L
Leuciscidae		<i>Alburnus brama</i> °	BA, N/1983
Leuciscidae		<i>Alburnus alburnus</i> °	GE, L, O/1991
Leuciscidae		<i>Blicca bjoerkna</i> °	Z
Leuciscidae		<i>Chondrostoma nasus</i> °	BA, V
Leuciscidae		<i>Rutilus rutilus</i> °	L, M, O
Leuciscidae		<i>Scardinius erythrophthalmus</i> °	L
Leuciscidae		<i>Squalius cephalus</i> °	L, V, Z
Nemacheilidae		<i>Barbus barbus</i> °	L
Percidae		<i>Perca fluviatilis</i> °	L
Phoxinidae		<i>Phoxinus phoxinus</i>	VD, L
Podicipedidae		<i>Podiceps auritus</i> °	L/1904
Podicipedidae		<i>Podiceps cristatus</i> °	BA, L, N
Salmonidae		<i>Podiceps sp.</i>	NE, L
Salmonidae		<i>Coregonus fera</i> °	L
Tincaeidae		<i>Coregonus variegatus</i>	O,
<i>Schistocephalus</i> Creplin, 1829		<i>Tinca tinca</i> °	L
<i>S. solidus</i> * (Müller, 1776) - ( <i>Schistocephalus gastrostei</i> )			
	Ardeidae	<i>Batrurus stellaris</i> °	Fuhrmann 1926
	Gasterosteidae	<i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i>	BA, VS/1923
<b>ONCOPROTEOCEPHALIDEA</b>			
<b>Proteocephalidae Mola, 1929</b>			
<i>Corallbothrium</i> Fritsch, 1886			GE/2002
<i>C. parafimbriatum</i> Befus & Freeman, 1973			
Ictaluridae		<i>Ameiurus metas</i>	
<i>Glanis</i> de Chambrier et al., 2004			
<i>G. osculata</i> (Goeze, 1782) - ( <i>Glanis</i> <i>glandula</i> )			
<i>Siluridae</i>		<i>Silurus glanis</i> °	
<i>Ophiotreta</i> La Rue, 1911			
<i>O. europea</i> Odening, 1963		<i>Natrix tessellata</i>	
	Colubridae		
<i>Proteocephalus</i> Weinland, 1858 [25]			
<i>P. filicollis</i> * (Rudolphi, 1802) - ( <i>Ichthyotaenia filicollis</i> )			
	Gasterosteidae	<i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i> °	BA, VD/1960
	Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus fera</i> [26]	BA
<i>P. longicollis</i> * (Zeder, 1800) - ( <i>Ichthyotaenia agonis</i> , <i>I. fallax</i> , <i>I. longicollis</i> , <i>I. neglecta</i> )		<i>I. salmonis</i> <i>umbrae</i> , <i>Proteocephalus agonis</i> , <i>P. exiguus</i> , <i>P. fallax</i> , <i>P. neglectus</i> , <i>P. salmonis</i>	[27, 28]
		<i>Taenia longicollis</i> )	
		<i>Alosa agone</i> °	A/1957-8
	Culobiidae	<i>Natrix natrix</i>	GE/1909
	Cyclopidae	<i>Cyclops abyssorum</i>	L
	Cyclopidae	<i>Cyclops strenuus</i>	A, L/1957-8
	Cyclopidae	<i>Mesocyclops leuckarti</i>	A/1957-8

Diaptomidae	<i>Eudiaptomus vulgaris</i>	L	Pecorini 1959
Diaptomidae	<i>Mixodiaptomus laciniatus</i>	L	Pecorini 1959
Esocidae	<i>Esox lucius</i> <sup>o</sup>	L	Nufer 1905
Leuciscidae	<i>Alburnus alburnus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905	Nufer 1905
Leuciscidae	<i>Squalius cephalus</i>	Nufer 1905	Nufer 1905
Percidae	<i>Perca fluviatilis</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905	Nufer 1905
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus fera</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905, André 1917, Zschokke 1933	Zschokke 1933
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus guttatus</i>	André 1917, Zschokke 1933	André 1917, Zschokke 1933
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus thymelus</i>	Pecorini 1959, Hanzelova et al. 1999	André 1917, Zschokke 1933, Nufer 1905
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus lavaretus</i>	André 1917, Zschokke 1933, Nufer 1905	Zschokke 1933, Nufer 1905
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus macrophthalmus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Lune 11879, Hanzelova & Scholz 1992	
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus warmanni</i> <sup>o</sup>	Lune 11879, Zschokke 1884, Nufer 1905	
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus sp.</i>	O. V	O. V
Anguillidae	<i>Oncopterus mykiss</i>	Zschokke 1884	L, M/1994
Salmonidae	<i>Salmo trutta</i> <sup>o</sup>	Zschokke 1884	BA
Salmonidae	<i>Salvelinus umbra</i> <sup>o</sup>	Zschokke 1884, Hörling 1963, Hanzelova et al. 1999	BE, GE, VD, L, O/1986, 1994
Salmonidae	<i>Thymallus thymallus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Zschokke 1884, Nufer 1905, Zschokke 1933	CH<1911, 1961-3, 1986, 1990, 1994-6, 2007-9
<i>P. macrocephalus*</i> (Creplin, 1825) - ( <i>Ichthyotaenia macrocephala</i> )	<i>Anguilla anguilla</i> <sup>o</sup>	Zschokke 1933	L, N, O, V
<i>P. percae*</i> (Müller, 1780) - ( <i>Ichthyotaenia longicollis</i> , <i>I. ocellata</i> , <i>I. percae</i> , <i>Protocephalus percae</i> , <i>P. dubius</i> , <i>P. ocellatus</i> , <i>Taenia percae</i> ) [29]	<i>Esox lucius</i>	Nufer 1905	L
Esocidae	<i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i>	Zschokke 1884	GE, NE, VD, L, O/1986, 1994
Gasterosteidae	<i>Lota lota</i> <sup>o</sup>	Zschokke 1884	BA
Lonidae	<i>Perca fluviatilis</i> <sup>o</sup>	Zschokke 1884, Hörling 1963, Hanzelova et al. 1999	CH<1911, 1961-3, 1986, 1990, 1994-6, 2007-9
Percidae	<i>Coregonus fera</i> <sup>o</sup>	Zschokke 1884, Nufer 1905, Zschokke 1933	L
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus thymelus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Zschokke 1933	
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus lavaretus</i>	Sublet 1987	
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus macrophthalmus</i>	Nufer 1905, Zschokke 1933	
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus oxyrinchus</i>	Nufer 1905, Zschokke 1933	
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus pallae</i>	Zschokke 1884	
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus warmanni</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905	
Salmonidae	<i>Salmo trutta</i>	Nufer 1905	
Salmonidae	<i>Salvelinus umbra</i>	Nufer 1905	
Gobionidae	<i>Gobio gobio</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905	V
Leuciscidae	<i>Abramis brama</i> <sup>o</sup>	Fuhrmann 1926	O
Leuciscidae	<i>Alburnus alburnus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905, Hörling 1963	GE, NE, VD, L, O, V/1961-3, 1995
Leuciscidae	<i>Blicca bjoerkna</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905	V
Leuciscidae	<i>Leuciscus leuciscus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905	BA, O, N, V
Lotidae	<i>Lota lota</i> <sup>o</sup>	Zandt 1924	O
Percidae	<i>Perca fluviatilis</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905, Zandt 1924	O, V
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus fera</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905, Zschokke 1933	L, V
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus macrophthalmus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905	V
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus warmanni</i> <sup>o</sup>	Zandt 1924	O
Salmonidae	<i>Salvelinus umbra</i> <sup>o</sup>	Nufer 1905	V
<b>SPATHEBOTHRIDEA</b>			
<b>Acrobothriidae Olson, 1872</b>			
Cyathocephalus Kessler, 1868	<i>C. truncatus*</i> (Pallas, 1781)	<i>Cottus gobio</i>	GE
Otidae		<i>Esox lucius</i>	VD
Esocidae		<i>Gammaurus pulex</i> <sup>o</sup>	NE/1917
Gammaridae		<i>Rutilus rutilus</i>	L
Leuciscidae			
Lotidae			
Percidae			
Phoxinidae			
Salmonidae			
<b>C. truncatus*</b> (Pallas, 1781)			
Otidae		<i>Gaschen 1950</i>	
Esocidae		<i>Gammaurus pulex</i> <sup>o</sup>	
Gammaridae		<i>Rutilus rutilus</i>	
Leuciscidae			
Lotidae			
Percidae			
Phoxinidae			
Salmonidae			
<b>Gaschen 1950</b>			
		<i>Zschokke 1884, Nufer 1905, Hörling 1963</i>	
		<i>Nufer 1905</i>	
		<i>Mariaux 1986</i>	
		<i>Zschokke 1884, 1933</i>	

Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus guttatus</i>	Zschokke 1933
Salmonidae	<i>Coregonus macrochalis</i>	Zschokke 1933
Salmonidae	<i>Oncopterus mykiss</i> <sup>s</sup>	Führmann 1926, Hornung 1963
Salmonidae	<i>Salmo trutta</i> <sup>a</sup>	Mariaux 1986
Salmonidae	<i>Salvelinus umbla</i> <sup>a</sup>	Zschokke 1884
Thymallidae	<i>Thymallus thymallus</i>	Mariaux 1986
<b>TETRABOTHRIIDAE</b>		
Tetrabothriidae Baer, 1954		
<i>Tetrabothrius Rudolphi, 1819</i>		
<i>T. (Culmenannulus) cylindraceus</i> * (Rudolphi, 1810)	<i>Chirocephalus ridibundus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Führmann 1926
Laridae	<i>T. (Tetrabothrius) macrocephalus</i> * (Rudolphi, 1810) - ( <i>Tetrabothrius perfidum</i> )	Führmann 1926
Podicipedidae	<i>Podiceps auritus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Führmann 1926
Podicipedidae	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i> <sup>o</sup>	Führmann 1926
Podicipedidae	<i>Podiceps</i> sp.	
<b>TRYPANORHYNCHA</b>		
Trypanorhyncha Diesing, 1863		
<i>Gilgiania Guitt, 1927</i>		
<i>G. squamis</i> * (Fabricius, 1794) - ( <i>Tetraphynchus paleaceus</i> )	<i>Salmo salar</i> <sup>o</sup>	
Salmonidae		
<i>Grillotia Guitt, 1927</i>		
<i>G. (Grillotia) erinaceus</i> * (van Beneden, 1858) - ( <i>Tetraphynchus loiae</i> )	<i>Salmo salar</i> <sup>o</sup>	L Zschokke 1891, Führmann 1926
Salmonidae		
<i>Hepatoxyton</i> Bosc, 1811		
<i>H. trichuri</i> * (Holten, 1802) - ( <i>Ctenomorphus grossus</i> )	<i>Salmo salar</i> <sup>o</sup>	L Zschokke 1891, Führmann 1926
Salmonidae		
<i>Tentacularia</i> Bosc, 1797		
<i>T. coryphaenae</i> * Bosc, 1802 - ( <i>Tetraphynchus quadriostriis</i> )	<i>Salmo salar</i> <sup>o</sup>	L Führmann 1926
Salmonidae		
<b>Undetermined cestodes</b>		
Anatidae	<i>Anas acuta</i>	Hörning 1963
Anatidae	<i>Bucephala clangula</i>	Hörning 1963
Ardeidae	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	Hörning 1963
Ardeidae	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	Hörning 1963
Corvidae	<i>Corvus corax</i>	Hörning 1963
Corvidae	<i>Corvus monedula</i>	Hörning 1963
Corvidae	<i>Pyrrhocorax graculus</i>	Hörning 1963
Cuculidae	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>	Hörning 1963
Picidae	<i>Dryocopus martius</i>	Hörning 1963
Phylloscopidae	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	Hörning 1963
Sturnidae	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	Hörning 1963

### Undetermined cestodes

Table 2. Hosts of cestodes in Switzerland

	# Host species	% of Swiss species	H-P pairs
INVERTEBRATES	24	---	40
VERTEBRATES	190	29% (of 665)	649
<i>ACTINOPTERYGII</i>	36	36% (of 100)	138
<i>AMPHIBIA</i>	3	16% (of 19)	4
<i>REPTILIA</i>	3	19% (of 16)	3
<i>AVES</i>	94	22% (of 431)	225
<i>MAMMALIA</i>	54	56% (of 99)	279
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>214</b>		<b>689</b>

Table 3. Host – Parasite Checklist

**“Invertebrates” (24)****Gastropoda (1)****Arionidae*****Arion* sp.***Molluscotaenia crassiscolex***Hexanauplia (10)****Cyclopidae*****Acanthocyclops viridis****Parabissacanthes kazachstanica****Cyclops abyssorum****Proteocephalus longicollis****Cyclops strenuus****Diphyllobothrium latum**Proteocephalus longicollis****Eucyclops serratus****Diphyllobothrium latum**Echinocotyle ryjikovi**Microsomacanthus compressa**Parabissacanthes philactes****Macrocylops albidus****Microsomacanthus compressa**Fimbriaria fasciolaris**Microsomacanthus spiralibursata**Echinocotyle ryjikovi****Mesocyclops leuckarti****Proteocephalus longicollis****Paracyclops fimbriatus****Sobolevianthus gracilis***Diaptomidae*****Diaptomus gracilis****Diphyllobothrium latum****Eudiaptomus vulgaris****Proteocephalus longicollis****Mixodiaptomus laciniatus****Proteocephalus longicollis***Ostracoda (4)****Candonidae*****Candonia* sp.***Sobolevianthus gracilis**Diorchis ransomi***Cyprididae*****Cyclocypris laevis****Dicranotaenia coronula****Cypris* sp.***Echinocotyle anatina****Cypridopsis vidua****Sobolevianthus gracilis**Fimbriaria fasciolaris**Echinocotyle rosseteri**Diorchis inflata**Diorchis brevis**Diorchis ransomi***Malacostraca (1)****Gammaridae*****Gammarus pulex****Coronacanthus integrus**Coronacanthus omissus**Cyathocephalus truncatus**Triodontolepis bifurca***Diplopoda (2)****Glomeridae*****Glomeris marginata****Staphylocystis pistillum****Glomeris* sp.***Sobolevitaenia verulamii***Hexapoda (3)****Carabidae*****Anchomenus dorsalis****Rodentolepis microstoma***Leptopsyllidae*****Leptopsylla segnis****Rodentolepis microstoma*

<b>Scrabaeidae</b>	<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>
<i>Amidorus obscurus</i>	<i>Proteocephalus torulosus</i>
<i>Ctenotaenia marmotae</i>	<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>
<b>Clitellata (3)</b>	<b><i>Blicca bjoerkna</i></b>
<b>Tubificidae</b>	<i>Caryophyllaeides fennica</i>
<i>Limnodrilus claparedianus</i>	<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>
<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>	<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>
<i>Tubifex barbatus</i>	<i>Proteocephalus torulosus</i>
<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>	
<i>Tubifex tubifex</i>	<b><i>Chondrostoma nasus</i></b>
<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>	<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>
<b>Vertebrates (178)</b>	<i>Caryophyllaeides fennica</i>
<b>Actinopterygii (36)</b>	<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>
<b>Anguillidae</b>	<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>
<i>Anguilla anguilla</i>	<b><i>Leuciscus leuciscus</i></b>
<i>Proteocephalus macrocephalus</i>	<i>Ligula digramma</i>
<b>Clupeidae</b>	<i>Proteocephalus torulosus</i>
<i>Alosa agone</i>	<b><i>Rutilus rutilus</i></b>
<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>	<i>Caryophyllaeides fennica</i>
<b>Cottidae</b>	<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>
<i>Cottus gobio</i>	<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>
<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>	<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>
<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>	<b><i>Scardinius erythrophthalmus</i></b>
<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>	<i>Caryophyllaeides fennica</i>
<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>	<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>
<b>Cyprinidae</b>	<b><i>Squalius cephalus</i></b>
<i>Barbus barbus</i>	<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>
<i>Bathybothrium rectangulum</i>	<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>
<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>	<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>
<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>	<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>
<i>Caryophyllaeus fimbriiceps</i>	
<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>	
<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>	
<b>Esocidae</b>	<b><i>Lotidae</i></b>
<i>Esox lucius</i>	<b><i>Lota lota</i></b>
<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>	<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>
<i>Diphyllobothrium latum</i>	<i>Diphyllobothrium latum</i>
<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>	<i>Eubothrium rugosum</i>
<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>	<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>
<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>	<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>
<i>Triaenophorus crassus</i>	<i>Proteocephalus torulosus</i>
<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>	<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>
<b>Gasterosteidae</b>	<b><i>Nemacheilidae</i></b>
<i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i>	<b><i>Barbatula barbatula</i></b>
<i>Proteocephalus filicollis</i>	<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>
<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>	
<i>Schistocephalus solidus</i>	
<b>Gobionidae</b>	
<i>Gobio gobio</i>	<b><i>Percidae</i></b>
<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>	<b><i>Perca fluviatilis</i></b>
<i>Proteocephalus torulosus</i>	<i>Bathybothrium rectangulum</i>
<b>Ictaluridae</b>	<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>
<i>Ameiurus melas</i>	<i>Diphyllobothrium latum</i>
<i>Corallobothrium parafimbriatum</i>	<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>
<b>Leuciscidae</b>	<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>
<i>Abramis brama</i>	<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>
<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>	<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>
<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>	<i>Proteocephalus torulosus</i>
<i>Proteocephalus torulosus</i>	<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>
<b>Alburnidae</b>	<b><i>Phoxinidae</i></b>
<i>Alburnus alburnus</i>	<b><i>Phoxinus phoxinus</i></b>
<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>	<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>
<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>	<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>
<i>Proteocephalus torulosus</i>	<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>
<b>Salmonidae</b>	
<i>Coregonus fera</i>	
<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>	
<i>Diphyllobothrium latum</i>	
<i>Eubothrium crassum</i>	
<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>	

<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>	<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>
<i>Proteocephalus filicollis</i>	<i>Diphyllobothrium latum</i>
<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>	<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>
<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>	<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>
<i>Proteocephalus torulosus</i>	<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>
<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>	
<b>Coregonus gutturosus</b>	<b>Siluridae</b>
<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>	<i>Silurus glanis</i>
<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>	<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>
<b>Coregonus hiemalis</b>	<i>Glanitaenia osculata</i>
<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>	<b>Tincidae</b>
<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>	<i>Tinca tinca</i>
<b>Coregonus lavaretus</b>	<i>Caryophyllaeus laticeps</i>
<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>	<i>Khavia baltica</i>
<i>Proteocephalus perca</i>	<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>
<i>Triaenophorus crassus</i>	<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>
<b>Coregonus macroptalmus</b>	<b>Amphibia (3)</b>
<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>	<b>Bufonidae</b>
<i>Eubothrium crassum</i>	<i>Bufo bufo</i>
<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>	<i>Nematotaenia dispar</i>
<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>	<b>Ranidae</b>
<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>	<i>Pelophylax lessonae</i>
<i>Proteocephalus torulosus</i>	<i>Diphyllobothrium latum</i>
<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>	<i>Nematotaenia dispar</i>
<b>Coregonus oxyrinchus</b>	<b>Salamandridae</b>
<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>	<i>Salamandra atra</i>
<b>Coregonus palaea</b>	<i>Nematotaenia dispar</i>
<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>	<b>Reptilia (3)</b>
<b>Coregonus wartmanni</b>	<b>Colubridae</b>
<i>Eubothrium crassum</i>	<i>Natrix natrix</i>
<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>	<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>
<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>	<i>Natrix tessellata</i>
<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>	<i>Ophiotaenia europaea</i>
<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>	<b>Lacertidae</b>
<i>Proteocephalus torulosus</i>	<i>Lacerta viridis</i>
<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>	<i>Oochoristica rotundata</i>
<b>Oncorhynchus mykiss</b>	<b>Aves (94)</b>
<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>	<b>Accipitridae</b>
<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>
<b>Salmo salar</b>	<i>Cladotaenia cylindracea</i>
<i>Eubothrium crassum</i>	<i>Cladotaenia globifera</i>
<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>	<b>Buteo buteo</b>
<i>Gilquinia squali</i>	<i>Cladotaenia cylindracea</i>
<i>Grillotia erinaceus</i>	<i>Cladotaenia globifera</i>
<i>Hepatoxylon trichiuri</i>	<b>Circaetus gallicus</b>
<i>Tentacularia coryphanae</i>	<i>Mesocestoides perlatus</i>
<b>Salmo trutta</b>	<b>Gyps fulvus</b>
<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>	<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>
<i>Diphyllobothrium latum</i>	<b>Milvus migrans</b>
<i>Eubothrium crassum</i>	<i>Cladotaenia cylindracea</i>
<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>	<i>Idiogenes flagellum</i>
<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>	<b>Alaudidae</b>
<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>
<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>	<i>Dilepis undula</i>
<b>Salvelinus umbla</b>	<b>Anatidae</b>
<i>Cyathocephalus truncatus</i>	<i>Anas acuta</i>
<i>Diphyllobothrium latum</i>	<i>Gen. sp.</i>
<i>Eubothrium salvelini</i>	<i>Anas crecca</i>
<i>Proteocephalus longicollis</i>	<i>Sobolevianthus fragilis</i>
<i>Proteocephalus percae</i>	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>
<i>Triaenophorus nodulosus</i>	<i>Aploparaksis furcigera</i>
	<i>Cloacotaenia megalops</i>
	<i>Dicranotaenia coronula</i>
	<i>Diorchis elisae</i>
<b>Thymallus thymallus</b>	

<i>Echinocotyle anatina</i>	<i>Dilepis cypselina</i>
<i>Fimbriaria fasciolaris</i>	<i>Neoliga depressa</i>
<i>Microsomacanthus abortiva</i>	<i>Notopentorchis</i> sp.
<i>Microsomacanthus collaris</i>	<i>Paruterina vesiculigera</i>
<i>Microsomacanthus compressa</i>	<i>Pseudangularia</i> sp.
<i>Microsomacanthus paracompressa</i>	<b>Tachymarptis melba</b>
<i>Microsomacanthus parvula</i>	<i>Neoliga depressa</i>
<i>Microsomacanthus spiralibursata</i>	<b>Ardeidae</b>
<i>Platyscolex ciliata</i>	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>
<i>Railletina anatina</i>	Gen. sp.
<i>Sobolevicanthus gracilis</i>	<b>Botaurus stellaris</b>
<i>Sobolevicanthus gracilissimus</i>	<i>Schistocephalus solidus</i>
<i>Sobolevicanthus krabbebla</i>	<b>Egretta garzetta</b>
<b>Anser fabalis</b>	Gen. sp.
<i>Microsomacanthus setigera</i>	<b>Burhinidae</b>
<b>Aythya ferina</b>	<i>Burhinus oedicnemus</i>
<i>Diplopisthe laevis</i>	<i>Burhinotaenia coronata</i>
<b>Aythya fuligula</b>	<b>Caprimulgidae</b>
<i>Aploparaksis furcigera</i>	<i>Caprimulgus europaeus</i>
<i>Fimbriaria fasciolaris</i>	<i>Paricterotaenia megacantha</i>
<i>Hymenolepis armata</i>	<b>Charadriidae</b>
<i>Microsomacanthus arcuata</i>	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>
<i>Microsomacanthus collaris</i>	<i>Anomotaenia microphallos</i>
<i>Microsomacanthus compressa</i>	<i>Anomotaenia stentorea</i>
<i>Microsomacanthus setigera</i>	<i>Sacciuterina paradoxa</i>
<i>Sobolevicanthus gracilis</i>	<b>Ciconiidae</b>
<b>Aythya marila</b>	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>
<i>Dicranotaenia coronula</i>	<i>Microsomacanthus microcephalus</i>
<i>Fimbriaria fasciolaris</i>	<b>Cinclidae</b>
<i>Hymenolepis setigera</i>	<i>Cinclus cinclus</i>
<i>Microsomacanthus arcuata</i>	<i>Anomotaenia dehiscens</i>
<b>Bucephala clangula</b>	<b>Columbidae</b>
Gen. sp.	<i>Columba livia</i>
<b>Cygnus olor</b>	<i>Cladogynia serrata</i>
<i>Anatinella kazachstanica</i>	<i>Skrjabinia bonini</i>
<i>Cladogynia gueriana</i>	<b>Corvidae</b>
<i>Echinocotyle anatina</i>	<i>Columba palumbus</i>
<i>Fimbriaria fasciolaris</i>	<i>Cladogynia serrata</i>
<i>Parabisaccanthes bisacculina</i>	<i>Skrjabinia bonini</i>
<i>Parabisaccanthes kazachstanica</i>	<b>Corvus corone</b>
<i>Parabisaccanthes philactes</i>	<i>Dilepis undula</i>
<i>Wardoides nyrocae cygni</i>	<i>Passerilepis crenata</i>
<b>Mergus merganser</b>	<i>Spiniglans constricta</i>
<i>Cladogynia macracanthos</i>	<b>Corvus frugileus</b>
<i>Dicranotaenia coronula</i>	<i>Dilepis undula</i>
<i>Fimbriaria fasciolaris</i>	<i>Spiniglans affinis</i>
<i>Ligula intestinalis</i>	<i>Spiniglans constricta</i>
<i>Tschertkovilepis tenuirostris</i>	<b>Corvus corax</b>
<b>Mergus serrator</b>	Gen. sp.
<i>Cladogynia macracanthos</i>	<b>Corvus monedula</b>
<i>Diorchis acuminata</i>	Gen. sp.
<b>Netta rufina</b>	<b>Garrulus glandarius</b>
<i>Diplopisthe laevis</i>	<i>Passerilepis crenata</i>
<i>Fimbriaria fasciolaris</i>	<i>Passerilepis stylosa</i>
<i>Hymenolepis teresoides</i>	<i>Wardium farciminosum</i>
<i>Microsomacanthus collaris</i>	<b>Nucifraga caryocatactes</b>
<b>Somateria mollissima</b>	<i>Passerilepis crenata</i>
<i>Microsomacanthus microsoma</i>	<b>Pica pica</b>
<b>Tadorna tadorna</b>	<i>Dilepis undula</i>
<i>Cloacotaenia megalops</i>	<i>Passerilepis crenata</i>
<b>Apodidae</b>	<i>Passerilepis stylosa</i>
<i>Apus apus</i>	<b>Pyrrhocorax graculus</b>
<i>Anomotaenia cyathiformis</i>	Gen. sp.

**Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax**  
*Dilepis undula*

**Cuculidae**

**Cuculus canorus**  
*Gen. sp.*

**Falconidae**

**Falco tinnunculus**  
*Cladotaenia cylindracea*

**Fringillidae**

**Fringilla coelebs**  
*Orthoskrjabinia bobica*  
*Passerilepis passeris*

**Fringilla montifringilla**  
*Orthoskrjabinia conica*

**Pyrrhula pyrrhula**  
*Orthoskrjabinia bobica*

**Gaviidae**

**Gavia arctica**  
*Armadoskrjabinia rostellata*  
*Hymenolepis simulans*

**Gavia immer**  
*Armadoskrjabinia rostellata*  
*Ligula colymbi*  
*Ligula intestinalis*  
*Microsomacanthus pseudorostellatus*

**Gavia stellata**  
*Armadoskrjabinia rostellata*

**Laridae**

**Chroicocephalus ridibundus**  
*Aploparaksis cirrosa*  
*Ligula intestinalis*  
*Paricterotaenia porosa*  
*Tetrabothrius cylindraceus*

**Rissa tridactyla**  
*Ligula intestinalis*

**Muscicapidae**

**Erithacus rubecula**  
*Spasskyterina trianguloides*

**Phoenicurus ochruros**  
*Passerilepis passeris*

**Oriolidae**

**Oriolus oriolus**  
*Choanotaenia orioli*  
*Monopylidium galbulae*

**Otididae**

**Otis tarda**  
*Hispanolepis villosa*

**Paridae**

**Parus major**  
*Anonchotaenia globata*  
*Paricterotaenia parina*

**Passerellidae**

**Zonotrichia** sp.  
*Anonchotaenia globata*

**Passeridae**

**Passer domesticus**  
*Choanotaenia passerina*  
*Monopylidium musculosa*  
*Passerilepis passeris*

**Phalacrocoracidae**

**Phalacrocorax carbo**  
*Paradilepis scolecina*

**Phasianidae**

**Alectoris graeca**  
*Hymenolepis linea*

**Gallus gallus**  
*Choanotaenia infundibulum*  
*Davainea proglottina*  
*Echinolepis carioca*  
*Hymenolepis exilis*  
*Raillietina echinobothrida*  
*Raillietina tetragona*  
*Skrjabinia cesticillus*

**Lyrurus tetrix**  
*Paroniella urogalli*

**Perdix perdix**  
*Davainea andrei*  
*Hymenolepis linea*

**Phasianus colchicus**  
*Choanotaenia infundibulum*

**Tetrao urogallus**  
*Davainea tetraoensis*  
*Hymenolepis microps*  
*Paroniella urogalli*

**Phylloscopidae**

**Phylloscopus collybita**  
*Gen. sp.*

**Picidae**

**Dendrocopos major**  
*Anomotaenia brevis*  
*Dictymeta sp.*  
*Liga sp.*  
*Monopylidium crateriformis*  
*Orthoskrjabinia conica*  
*Passerilepis crenata*

**Dryocopus martius**  
*Gen. sp.*

**Jynx torquilla**  
*Monopylidium crateriformis*

**Picus viridis**  
*Monopylidium crateriformis*  
*Raillietina frontina*

**Podicipedidae**

**Podiceps auritus**  
*Dioicocestus asper*  
*Ligula intestinalis*  
*Tetrabothrius macrocephalus*

**Podiceps cristatus**  
*Aploparaksis furcigera*  
*Confluaria furcifera*  
*Confluaria multistriata*  
*Confluaria pseudofurcifera*  
*Dollfusilepis hoploporus*  
*Hymenolepis capillaroides*  
*Joyeuxilepis acanthorhyncha*  
*Ligula colymbi*  
*Ligula intestinalis*  
*Tetrabothrius macrocephalus*

**Podiceps nigricollis**  
*Confluaria furcifera*

**Podiceps** sp.  
*Dubininolepis rostellata*

**Tachybaptus ruficollis**  
*Confluaria multistriata*  
*Dioicocestus asper*  
*Joyeuxilepis acanthorhyncha*

<b>Rallidae</b>	<b>Turdus philomelos</b>
<i>Fulica atra</i>	<i>Dilepis undula</i>
<i>Diorchis acuminata</i>	<i>Passerilepis crenata</i>
<i>Diorchis brevis</i>	<i>Sobolevitaenia spinosocapite</i>
<i>Diorchis inflata</i>	<i>Spiniglans constricta</i>
<i>Diorchis ransomi</i>	<i>Emberizotaenia raymondi</i>
<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	<b>Turdus pilaris</b>
<i>Liga gallinulae</i>	<i>Dilepis undula</i>
<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>	<i>Passerilepis crenata</i>
<i>Bothriocephalus marietani (sp. inq.)</i>	<b>Turdus viscivorus</b>
<b>Recurvirostridae</b>	<i>Dilepis undula</i>
<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	<i>Passerilepis crenata</i>
<i>Wardium recurvirostrae</i>	<b>Upupidae</b>
<b>Scolopacidae</b>	<i>Upupa epops</i>
<i>Calidris pugnax</i>	<i>Neyraia intricata</i>
<i>Anomotaenia microrhyncha</i>	<b>Mammalia (53)</b>
<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	<b>Bovidae</b>
<i>Aploparaksis filum</i>	<i>Bos taurus</i>
<i>Numenius arquata</i>	<i>Echinococcus granulosus</i>
<i>Anomotaenia nymphaea</i>	<i>Echinococcus multilocularis</i>
<i>Hymenolepis spaerophora</i>	<i>Moniezia benedeni</i>
<i>Hymenolepis uliginosa</i>	<i>Moniezia expansa</i>
<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>	<i>Taenia hydatigena</i>
<i>Aploparaksis crassirostris</i>	<i>Taenia multiceps</i>
<i>Aploparaksis filum</i>	<i>Taenia saginata</i>
<i>Sacciuterina paradoxa</i>	<i>Thysanosoma actinoides</i>
<i>Tringa totanus</i>	<i>Capra ibex</i>
<i>Aploparaksis filum</i>	<i>Moniezia benedeni</i>
<b>Sittidae</b>	<i>Moniezia expansa</i>
<i>Tichodroma muraria</i>	<i>Taenia hydatigena</i>
<i>Hymenolepis tichodroma</i>	<i>Versteria mustelae</i>
<b>Strigidae</b>	<i>Ovis aries*</i>
<i>Bubo bubo</i>	<i>Echinococcus granulosus</i>
<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>	<i>Moniezia expansa</i>
<i>Strix aluco</i>	<i>Taenia hydatigena</i>
<i>Gen. sp.</i>	<i>Taenia multiceps</i>
<b>Sturnidae</b>	<i>Thysaniezia giardi</i>
<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	<i>Versteria mustelae</i>
<i>Dilepis undula</i>	<i>Rupicapra rupicapra</i>
<i>Monopylidium albani</i>	<i>Echinococcus granulosus</i>
<i>Monopylidium musculosa</i>	<i>Moniezia expansa</i>
<i>Monorcholepis dujardini</i>	<i>Taenia hydatigena</i>
<i>Passerilepis crenata</i>	<i>Taenia secunda</i>
<i>Sobolevitaenia spinosocapite</i>	<b>Canidae</b>
<b>Sylviidae</b>	<i>Canis familiaris</i>
<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	<i>Dipylidium latum</i>
<i>Anonchotaenia globata</i>	<i>Dipylidium caninum</i>
<i>Passerilepis brevis</i>	<i>Echinococcus granulosus</i>
<i>Passerilepis passeris</i>	<i>Echinococcus multilocularis</i>
<i>Sylvia borin</i>	<i>Mesocestoides lineatus</i>
<i>Monopylidium musculosa</i>	<i>Taenia crassiceps</i>
<i>Passerilepis passeris</i>	<i>Taenia hydatigena</i>
<b>Turdidae</b>	<i>Taenia multiceps</i>
<i>Turdus merula</i>	<i>Taenia pisiformis</i>
<i>Dilepis undula</i>	<i>Taenia serialis</i>
<i>Fernandezia spinosissima</i>	<b>Vulpes vulpes</b>
<i>Monorcholepis dujardini</i>	<i>Atriotaenia incisa</i>
<i>Passerilepis crenata</i>	<i>Dipylidium latum</i>
<i>Sobolevitaenia spinosocapite</i>	<i>Dipylidium caninum</i>
<i>Sobolevitaenia verulamii</i>	<i>Echinococcus granulosus</i>
<i>Spasspasskya passerum</i>	<i>Echinococcus multilocularis</i>
<i>Spiniglans constricta</i>	<i>Hymenolepis sp.</i>
	<i>Mesocestoides lineatus</i>

<i>Mesocestoides litteratus</i>	<i>Rodentolepis asymmetrica</i>
<i>Taenia crassiceps</i>	<i>Taenia crassiceps</i>
<i>Taenia hydatigena</i>	<b><i>Microtus</i> sp.</b>
<i>Taenia multiceps</i>	<i>Echinococcus granulosus</i>
<i>Taenia pisiformis</i>	<b><i>Microtus subterraneus</i></b>
<i>Taenia polyacantha</i>	<i>Anoplocephaloïdes dentata</i>
<b>Castoridae</b>	<i>Eurotaenia gracilis</i>
<i>Castor fiber</i>	<i>Rodentolepis asymmetrica</i>
	<i>Taenia crassiceps</i>
<b>Cervidae</b>	<b><i>Myodes glareolus</i></b>
<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>	<i>Anoplocephaloïdes dentata</i>
	<i>Catenotaenia henttoneni</i>
<i>Moniezia expansa</i>	<i>Catenotaenia pusilla</i>
<i>Taenia hydatigena</i>	<i>Cladotaenia cylindracea</i>
<i>Taenia krabbei</i>	<i>Eurotaenia gracilis</i>
<i>Taenia multiceps</i>	<i>Lineolepis scutigera</i>
<i>Cervus elaphus</i>	<i>Mesocestoides lineatus</i>
	<i>Neoskrjabinolepis singularis</i>
<i>Taenia hydatigena</i>	<i>Paranoplocephala omphalodes</i>
<b>Cricetidae</b>	<i>Rodentolepis asymmetrica</i>
<i>Arvicola amphibius</i>	<i>Rodentolepis straminea</i>
	<i>Skrjabinotaenia lobata</i>
<i>Arostrilepis horrida</i>	<i>Taenia martis</i>
<i>Arostrilepis janickii</i>	<i>Taenia polyacantha</i>
<i>Cladotaenia cylindracea</i>	<i>Urocystis prolifer</i>
<i>Echinococcus multilocularis</i>	<i>Versteria mustelae</i>
<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>	<i>Vigisolepis spinulosa</i>
<i>Hymenolepis procera</i>	
<i>Microticola blanchardi</i>	<b>Equidae</b>
<i>Paranoplocephala omphalodes</i>	<i>Equus caballus</i>
<i>Taenia crassiceps</i>	
<i>Taenia pisiformis</i>	<i>Anoplocephala magna</i>
<b>Chionomys nivalis</b>	<i>Anoplocephala persfoliata</i>
	<i>Equinia mamillana</i>
<i>Anoplocephaloïdes dentata</i>	
<i>Eurotaenia gracilis</i>	<b>Erinaceidae</b>
<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>	<i>Erinaceus europaeus</i>
<i>Paranoplocephala omphalodes</i>	
<i>Rodentolepis asymmetrica</i>	<i>Rodentolepis erinacei</i>
<b>Microtus agrestis</b>	
<i>Anoplocephaloïdes dentata</i>	<b>Felidae</b>
<i>Cladotaenia cylindracea</i>	<i>Felis silvestris</i>
<i>Eurotaenia gracilis</i>	
<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>	<i>Diphyllobothrium latum</i>
<i>Microticola blanchardi</i>	<i>Dipylidium caninum</i>
<i>Paranoplocephala omphalodes</i>	<i>Echinococcus multilocularis</i>
<i>Rodentolepis asymmetrica</i>	<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>
<i>Taenia crassiceps</i>	<i>Taenia pisiformis</i>
<b>Microtus arvalis</b>	<i>Lynx lynx</i>
<i>Anoplocephaloïdes dentata</i>	<i>Taenia sp.</i>
<i>Cladotaenia cylindracea</i>	
<i>Echinococcus multilocularis</i>	<b>Gliridae</b>
<i>Eurotaenia gracilis</i>	<i>Eliomys quercinus</i>
<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>	
<i>Microticola blanchardi</i>	<i>Armadolepis (A.) jeanbaeri</i>
<i>Paranoplocephala omphalodes</i>	
<i>Rodentolepis asymmetrica</i>	<b>Glis glis</b>
<i>Skrjabinotaenia lobata</i>	
<i>Taenia crassiceps</i>	<i>Armadolepis (B.) myoxi</i>
<i>Taenia polyacantha</i>	
<i>Versteria mustelae</i>	<i>Hymenolepis sulcata</i>
<b>Microtus multiplex</b>	
	<b>Hominidae</b>
<i>Paranoplocephala omphalodes</i>	<i>Homo sapiens</i>
<i>Taenia crassiceps</i>	
<i>Taenia polyacantha</i>	<i>Diphyllobothrium dendriticum</i>
<b>Microtus (Pitymys) sp.</b>	<i>Diphyllobothrium latum</i>
	<i>Diphyllobothrium nihonkaiensis</i>
<i>Arostrilepis horrida</i>	<i>Dipylidium caninum</i>
	<i>Echinococcus granulosus</i>
	<i>Echinococcus multilocularis</i>
	<i>Taenia martis</i>
	<i>Taenia saginata</i>
	<i>Taenia solium</i>
	<b>Leporidae</b>
	<i>Lepus europaeus</i>
	<i>Echinococcus granulosus</i>

<i>Mosgovoyia pectinata</i>	<b>Meles meles</b>
<i>Taenia pisiformis</i>	<i>Atriotaenia incisa</i>
<b>Lepus timidus</b>	<i>Taenia angustata (sp. inq.)</i>
<i>Genovia wimerosa</i>	<i>Taenia martis</i>
<i>Mosgovoyia pectinata</i>	<i>Taenia secunda</i>
<b>Oryctolagus cuniculus</b>	<b>Mustela erminea</b>
<i>Cittotaenia denticulata</i>	<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>
<i>Neocanotaenia ctenoides</i>	<i>Taenia intermedia (sp. inq.)</i>
<i>Taenia multiceps</i>	<i>Versteria mustelae</i>
<i>Taenia pisiformis</i>	<b>Mustela nivalis</b>
<i>Taenia serialis</i>	<i>Versteria mustelae</i>
<b>Muridae</b>	<b>Mustela putorius</b>
<b>Apodemus flavicollis</b>	<i>Versteria mustelae</i>
<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>	<b>Sciuridae</b>
<i>Hymenolepis diminuta</i>	<b>Marmota marmota</b>
<i>Hymenolepis murissylvatici</i>	<i>Ctenotaenia marmotae</i>
<i>Mesocestoides</i> sp.	<i>Marmotocephala transversaria</i>
<i>Rodentolepis fraterna</i>	<i>Mosgovoyia pectinata</i>
<i>Rodentolepis microstoma</i>	<i>Taenia crassiceps</i>
<i>Rodentolepis straminea</i>	<b>Sciurus vulgaris</b>
<i>Skyjabinotaenia lobata</i>	<i>Catenotaenia dendritica</i>
<i>Taenia martis</i>	<i>Taenia polyacantha</i>
<b>Apodemus sylvaticus</b>	<b>Suidae</b>
<i>Catenotaenia pusilla</i>	<b>Sus scrofa</b>
<i>Cladotaenia cylindracea</i>	<i>Echinococcus granulosus</i>
<i>Dilepis undula</i>	<i>Taenia hydatigena</i>
<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>	<i>Taenia solium</i>
<i>Hymenolepis diminuta</i>	<i>Versteria mustelae</i>
<i>Hymenolepis hibernia</i>	<b>Soricidae</b>
<i>Hymenolepis murissylvatici</i>	<b>Crocidura leucodon</b>
<i>Rodentolepis fraterna</i>	<i>Hymenolepis uncinata</i>
<i>Rodentolepis microstoma</i>	<b>Crocidura russula</b>
<i>Rodentolepis straminea</i>	<i>Dilepis undula</i>
<i>Skyjabinotaenia lobata</i>	<i>Lineolepis scutigera</i>
<i>Taenia hydatigena</i>	<i>Pseudohymenolepis redonica</i>
<i>Taenia martis</i>	<i>Staphylocystis furcata</i>
<i>Taenia polyacantha</i>	<i>Staphylocystis pistillum</i>
<i>Versteria mustelae</i>	<i>Staphylocystis scalaris</i>
<b>Mus musculus</b>	<i>Staphylocystis tiara</i>
<i>Catenotaenia pusilla</i>	<b>Crocidura suaveolens</b>
<i>Echinococcus multilocularis</i>	<i>Hymenolepis uncinata</i>
<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>	<i>Staphylocystis brusatae</i>
<i>Hymenolepis diminuta</i>	<i>Staphylocystis tiara</i>
<i>Rodentolepis fraterna</i>	<b>Neomys anomalus</b>
<i>Rodentolepis microstoma</i>	<i>Coronacanthus integrus</i>
<i>Taenia crassiceps</i>	<i>Coronacanthus omissus</i>
<i>Taenia polyacantha</i>	<i>Triodontolepis hamanni</i>
<b>Rattus norvegicus</b>	<b>Neomys fodiens</b>
<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>	<i>Coronacanthus integrus</i>
<i>Hymenolepis diminuta</i>	<i>Coronacanthus omissus</i>
<b>Rattus rattus</b>	<i>Cryptocotylepis globosoides</i>
<i>Catenotaenia pusilla</i>	<i>Molluscotaenia crassiscolex</i>
<i>Hymenolepis diminuta</i>	<i>Neomylolepis magnirostellata</i>
<i>Rodentolepis fraterna</i>	<i>Soricinia globosa</i>
<i>Taenia crassiceps</i>	<i>Staphylocystis alpestris</i>
<i>Taenia pisiformis</i>	<i>Taenia polyacantha</i>
<b>Mustelidae</b>	<i>Triodontolepis bifurca</i>
<b>Martes foina</b>	<i>Triodontolepis hamanni</i>
<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>	<b>Sorex alpinus</b>
<i>Taenia intermedia (sp. inq.)</i>	<i>Ditestolepis diaphana</i>
<i>Taenia martis</i>	<i>Gulyaevilepis tripartita</i>
<b>Martes martes</b>	<i>Molluscotaenia crassiscolex</i>
<i>Taenia intermedia (sp. inq.)</i>	<i>Neoskrjabinolepis merkushevae</i>

<i>Neoskrjabinolepis schaldybini</i>	<i>Mollusgotaenia crassiscolex</i>
<i>Soricina infirma</i>	<i>Neoskrjabinolepis merkushevae</i>
<i>Staphylocystis pistillum</i>	<i>Neoskrjabinolepis schaldybini</i>
<i>Urocystis prolifer</i>	<i>Skrjabinacanthus jacutensis</i>
<i>Vigisolepis spinulosa</i>	<i>Soricina infirma</i>
<b><i>Sorex araneus</i></b>	<i>Staphylocystis furcata</i>
<i>Cryptocotylepis globosoides</i>	<i>Staphylocystis scalaris</i>
<i>Dilepis undula</i>	<i>Staphylocystoides stefanskii</i>
<i>Ditestolepis diaphana</i>	<i>Urocystis prolifer</i>
<i>Gulyaevilepis tripartita</i>	<i>Vigisolepis spinulosa</i>
<i>Hepatocestus hepaticus</i>	
<i>Lineolepis scutigera</i>	<b>Talpidae</b>
<i>Mollusgotaenia crassiscolex</i>	<b><i>Talpa europaea</i></b>
<i>Neoskrjabinolepis merkushevae</i>	<i>Hydatigera taeniaeformis</i>
<i>Neoskrjabinolepis schaldybini</i>	<i>Multitesticulata filamentosa</i>
<i>Neoskrjabinolepis singularis</i>	<i>Staphylocystis bacillaris</i>
<i>Soricina infirma</i>	<i>Versteria mustelae</i>
<i>Staphylocystis furcata</i>	
<i>Staphylocystis pistillum</i>	<b>Vespertilionidae</b>
<i>Staphylocystis scalaris</i>	<b><i>Myotis myotis</i></b>
<i>Staphylocystis tiara</i>	<i>Milina grisea</i>
<i>Staphylocystoides stefanskii</i>	<b><i>Myotis mystacinus</i></b>
<i>Urocystis prolifer</i>	<i>Vampirolepis balsaci</i>
<i>Vigisolepis spinulosa</i>	<b><i>Nyctalus noctula</i></b>
<b><i>Sorex minutus</i></b>	<i>Staphylocystis acuta</i>
<i>Ditestolepis diaphana</i>	<i>Vampirolepis baeri</i>
<i>Lineolepis scutigera</i>	<b><i>Plecotus auritus</i></b>
	<i>Vampirolepis balsaci</i>

**Annex 1:** List of specimens in collections. Catalogue numbers without collection reference are from the Muséum d'histoire naturelle de Genève (MHNG-PLAT-). Type status is indicated with HOLO (Holotype), LECTO (Lectotype), PARA (Paratype), SYNT (Syntype) or TYPE (Type of unknown status).

**BOTHRCOCEPHALOIDEA**, TRIAENOPHORIDAE, *Bathybothrium rectangulum* 27276, 40291, 55791, 55798, *Eubothrium crassum* 17858-9, 19002, 19327, 23873, 28077-8, 28080-1, 38317, 40808-9, 88297-302, *Eubothrium salvelini* IPCAS H02/1, IPCAS C126/12, 27278, 29413, 38313, 38364, 33625, 36722-6, 36728-9, 55807, 82342-4, 82660, ZMZ-122912, *Triaenophorus crassus* 42479-81, 55808, 57528, 57532, NHM 1928.1.9.130-134, *Triaenophorus nodulosus* 11607, 18170, 18498, 27937, 36003-7, 38257, 38262, 42482-6, 54161, 54426, 57662, 57667-8, 63396-8

**CARYOPHYLLIDEA**, CARYOPHYLLIDAE, *Caryophylleus fimbriiceps* 78801-3, LYTOSTESTIDAE, *Caryophyllaeus laticeps* 18338, 27277, 38331, 39225, 40289, 70965, 71127, 78800, 78837, 78840-4, USNM 1355422-3, *Caryophyllaeides fennica* 78797, NHM 1928.1.9.202-203, USNM 1355424-5, *Khawia baltica* 78804-5

**CYCLOPHYLLIDEA**, AMABILIIDAE, *Joyeuxilepis acanthoryncha* 42356, ANOPLOCEPHALIDAE, *Anoplocephala magna* 38376, 56118, *Anoplocephala perfoliata* 40241, 56079, *Anoplocephaloidea dentata* 17608, 18408, 30635, 41787, 82353, 82370, 82372, 82396-7, *Atriotaenia incisa* 14620, 57153, 57180, *Ctenotaenia marmotae* 130473, 27280, 38616

(**HOLO** of *Cittotaenia avicola*), 38617, 37276, 38332, 40497-8, 40500-1, *Equinia mamillana* 41792-4, 56113, *Eurotaenia gracilis* 11430-2 **PARA** (of *Paranoplocephala gracilis*), 11583, 19182, 38187, 82345, 82349, 82351, 82374-5, *Genovia wimerosa* 41803-4, *Microticola blanchardi* 13482, 82346, *Moniezia benedeni* 38304, 41600-1, 56047, 56059, *Moniezia expansa* 41588-9, 57237, *Mosgovoyia pectinata* 40503, 40508, 57115, 57171, *Neoctenotaenia ctenoides* 40489, 56164, 56167, *Oochoristica rotundata* 41696, *Paranoplocephala omphalodes* 12153, 12166, 12217, 13857, 17742, 17771, 20000, 38186, 40078-9, 41795-6, 41799-800, 82378, 82383, *Thysaniezia giardi* 40898-900, *Thysanosoma actinoides* 42471, CATENOTAENIIDAE, *Catenotaenia dendritica* 40369-70, *Catenotaenia henttoneni* 17637-8, 18361, 18368, 39305 39378 39446, *Catenotaenia pusilla* 37655, 40379-81, *Skrjabinotaenia lobata* 12162, 17625-8, DAVAINEIDAE, *Davainea andrei* 40620 **SYNT**, *Davainea proglottina* 27994, 28053, *Davainea tetraoenis* 55227, *Fernandezia spinosissima* 18326, 32733-5, 77626, *Idiogenes flagellum* 27997, *Paroniella urogalli* 27997, *Raillietina frontina* 42078, *Raillietina tetragona* 27315, 27984, *Skrjabinia bonini* 42034, 55973, NHM 1928.1.6.107-116, USNM 1318063, USNM 1348473 **SYNT** of *R. columbae*, *Skrjabinia cesticillus* 27986, 28076, DILEPIDIDAE, *Anomotaenia brevis* 13476, *Anomotaenia cyathiformis* 40119, *Anomotaenia dehiscens* 27910, 40121-2, NHM 1928.1.9.43-48, *Anomotaenia microphallos* 40154, 40157, 56925, *Anomotaenia microrhyncha* 39308, *Anomotaenia stentorea* 39307, *Burhinotaenia coronata* 41822, *Choanotaenia orioli* 40455 **SYNT**, 40459, *Choanotaenia passerina* 15350, 39309, *Dictymetra* sp. 50022, *Dilepis cypselina* 40638, *Dilepis undula*

- 11435, 11494, 11608, 12161, 13400, 13475, 15348, 17736, 17614, 17824, 18434, 18553, 27940, 27970, 32725-32, 32767-72, 38279, 38888, 38904, 38942, 38963, 39386, 39394, 40666-7, 40670, 77627-30, *Hepatocestus hepaticus* 11483, *Liga* sp. 50023, *Molluscotaenia crassiscolex* 11380, 11394, 11399, 11413, 11420, 11480-1, 11485, 11489-90, 11578, 11581, 11613, 14289, 17743, 17749-51, 17765, 18174, 18178, 18219, 18229, 18232, 18234, 18245, 18378, 18429, 18478, 18481, 18483, 18485, 18552, 30630, 30640, 30661, 30687, 30808, 30899, 38884, 38887, 38892, 38896, 38899, 38903, 38922, 38930, 38932, 38935, 38941, 38943, 38948, 38952, 38962, 38967, 38970, 38972, 38978, 38981, 38988, 38992, 38996, 39001, 39005, 39011, 39017, 39026, 39031-2, 39322, 39331, 39365-6, 39368, 39373, 39376, 39379, 39384-5, 39390, 39392-3, 39397, 39400, 39402-3, 39406, 39408, 39410, 39417, 39419-20, 39438, 39440, 40440, 41623, 48316, 82357, 82379, *Monopylidium albani* 32776, *Monopylidium crateriformis* 27295, 40443-4, 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